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Victoria Daily Times.

GENTLE SPRING COMETH
A Pleasat Tonic will do you good.
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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1893. NO. 50.

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WHY?

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BECAUSE they are the patterns of leading Paris and Berlin manufactories.

BECAUSE they are traveler's samples and were bought at maker's prices, saving duty, freight, etc.

BECAUSE they will be sold at a like reduction to clear prior to arrival of regular stock.

BECAUSE they have artistic merit, are correct in style, and only one of a kind.

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We submit the above reasons with some degree of pride and with perfect confidence that no silvery tongued advice is required to effect a sale. The price does all the talking.

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THE ABOVE TOWNSITE will be placed on the market shortly. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The owners intend to expend money on streets and other improvements in the Spring. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The first 100 Lots will be sold for $200 for corners, $150 inside.

For further particulars apply to C. E. PERRY & Co., at the Head Office, NELSON, B.C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

TAPPING THE SOUTH.

C.P.R. Boats From Port Stanley to Cleveland Will Tempt Settlers From the States.

Failure of Another Private Bank in Ontario—Atchison's Probable President.

Clark Wallace and the Orange Platform—End of the Traffic Association.

TORONTO, March 1.—The first Canadian Pacific excursion to the Northwest, which left last night was fairly well patronized. It is said here that the Canadian Pacific will run a line of steamers from Port Stanley to Cleveland, obtaining running powers over the London and Port Stanley railway, connecting with the Air Line at St. Thomas, which will facilitate booking tourists and settlers from Ohio and the southern states to Manitoba and the Northwest. It will also form a direct route from Toronto to the southern and middle states.

Knocked on the Head.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—It is stated this morning that owing to the fact that the traffic association has denounced the bill introduced in the legislature amending the political code sactioning the consolidation of a railroad incorporated in California with another incorporated under the laws of other states, the project for constructing the San Francisco and Great Lake Railway has been abandoned. The line was to have been built between San Francisco and Salt Lake, and the companies were incorporated in California, Nevada and Utah. When it was proposed to have a general company organized under the laws of this state it was found that California did not permit of a local company consolidating with a foreign one, and the amendment refered to was drawn and submitted to the legislature. The traffic association denounced it on the ground that it would give the Southern Pacific an opportunity to consolidate its local companies with those it had in Arizona and elsewhere by taking its local lines out of the States' control. Thereupon the projectors of the road decided to go no further. The executive committee met and after paying all its employees, including the corps of engineers, who have made surveys at a cost of $50,000, discharged them and adjourned sine die.

The Atchison's President.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The chances are that E. T. Jeffery may be appointed president of the Atchison to succeed the late Allen Manvel Vice-president and acting President Springer declared to-day that he would, under no circumstances, accept office, and the field is so narrowed down to Jeffery, of the Denver & Rio Grande, Vice-president Robertson, of the Atchison, and Robert Harris, formerly of the Northern Pacific, and now an Atchison director. If it were left to popular vote among the Chicago railroad officials, Jeffery would be elected by an overwhelming majority, although all acknowledge that Robertson is a capable man in every respect. The sentiment in favor of Jeffery is mainly due to the magnetism of his personal friendship; while for the most part they know Robertson only officially. The new president for the Atchison will probably be chosen before March 15th. Unless the transcontinental lines take speedy action in settling passenger rates and the troubles of the east-bound from California, the Atchison will take an independent stand. This will be by changing its rates as fast as possible, quoting openly lower rates than any competitor.

Fatal Railway Collision.

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—First boat train and mail train to New York on the Consolidated Railway had a rear end collision between 5 and 6 o'clock this morning near Pawtucket, at the river bridge at Auburn. Four or five persons were injured and one killed.

The midnight train from New York on the New York, New Havon & Hartford railway collided with the Stonington boat train at Norwood at 5:25 this morning, killing a child and injuring half a dozen other persons. The dead child was 18 months old. The boat train leaves Stonington at 3 o'clock and is due in this city at 4:30. Just before reaching Pawtucket, the coaches parted, causing a delay of one hour. The train stopped at Pawtucket bridge bridge for repairs and the brakeman was sent back to flag the New York train, but was too late to avert the collision. The New York mail dashed up at 20 miles an hour and the engine crashed into the rear end of the boat train smashing the carriages into splinters.

The engine of the latter was wrecked. The fireman and engineer of the New York train remained at their posts and escaped uninjured.

What to Do With Utah.

CHEYENNE Wyo., March 1.—Senator Stewart's project to annex Utah to Nevada meets with great favor here so far as it refers to the disappearance of Utah as a territory. Leading men of Wyoming have long cherished the hope that the eastern part of Utah, including Salt Lake City and Ogden and much orchard, pasture, farming and mineral land might become a part of Wyoming. This claim on behalf of this state will be advanced and pressed when Senator Stewart moves with his scheme. Wyoming and Utah are friendly; most of the immigration to the western part of this state is from the territory, and there are several large Mormon settlements in Wyoming.

The Homestead Poisoners.

PITTSBURG, March 1.—In the criminal court this morning Judge Stowe refused a new trial in the case of Master Workman Dempsey, recently convicted of complicity in the attempt to poison Homestead non-union workmen. Sentence was deferred until Saturday in order that the attorneys for the defense may have time to prepare their appeals to the supreme court. Beatty, Gallagher and Davidson were remanded to jail in order that sentence may be passed upon all at the same time. The participators in the Duquesne riot were to-day sentenced to the workhouse for terms ranging from two to six months.

An Arkansas Smash Up.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 1.—Southbound tran on the Iron Mountain Railroad, which left here this morning at three o'clock, was wrecked near Hope, 110 miles from here. The baggage car and two coaches were burned, and later reports say one sleeper burned. There are conflicting reports as to the number of people injured, it is reported all the way from five to 20. Railway people decline to give out anything in regard to the matter.

The accident occurred at 6:30 this morning, two coaches and a chair car were burned, and between 15 and 20 passengers injured but none seriously.

Eleventh Hour Nominations.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 1.—The President sent to the Senate to-day the following nominations: Truxton Beale, of California, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary and consul general of the United States to Roumania, Servia and Greece; Genio M. Lambertson, of Nebraska, to be arbitrator on the part of the United States under the treaty for claims commission concluded between the United States and Chili.

A New Mexican Tornado.

NATCHEZ, N.M., March 1.—Meagre details are learned of a cyclone that passed twelve miles south of here at four o'clock yesterday afternoon. Several houses were blown down and others badly damaged. A negro woman was killed and several other colored people injured. A boy was picked up and lodged in a tree 100 yards away. As far as learned the storm did not cover a very large area.

Rippey and His Target.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—John W. Mackay had another good night's rest and feels further improved this morning. Rippey's condition is unchanged; he slept well last night and seemed comfortable this morning. The old man talks considerably and his appetite is improving.

Wallace Will Explain.

TORONTO, March 1.—Captain Gaskin is to be entertained shortly by the Orange element of the city, and on that occasion Mr. Clark Wallace, grand master, will speak and justify the political partnership formed with Sir John Thompson. The event occurs some day next week.

Another Private Bank Suspends.

TORONTO, March 1.—The suspension of Messrs. Owen & Co., private bankers of Ailsa Craig, with liabilities of $10,000, is reported. The difficulty is attributed to a run in consequence of the failure of the Sliply Bank.

The Missing Hunters

ALVISO, Cal., March 1.—The search for the missing hunters, Frost and Church, is still going on. The searchers believe that they have located the bodies and expect to recover them to-day.

Woman Suffrage in Arizona.

PHŒNIX, Ariz., March 1.—The assembly has passed the bill authorizing woman suffrage in the territory. It is conceded that it will pass the Senate and receive the governor's signature.

Died on the Lahn.

CHICAGO, March 1.—A private cablegram from London received here today says Hon. H. F. Sherman, of Cleveland, died aboard the ss. Lahn when three days out from New York.

Defeat of Anti-Option.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 1.—The anti-option bill has been defeated by a very close vote: Yeas, 172; nays, 123.

Kaiulani Arrives.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The steamer Teutonic with the Princess Kaiulani on board, arrived this afternoon.

Large Mine Sold Near Fort Sheppard.

The War Eagle mine in the Trail Creek country was sold to Spokane and San Francisco capitalists on the 25th of February, for the sum of $425,000. The importance of this sale is the fact that it is the initiatory step toward building a pyrotic smelter at Fort Sheppard at the mouth of the Pen D'Orielle river.

THE VOTE ON THE TARIFF.

Sir Richard Cartwright's Amendment Defeated by a Majority of Fifty-Four.

An Unusually Heavy Vote—The Vandreuil Election Case Finally Decided.

Provisions of the Bill Introduced for the Amendment of the Franchise Act.

OTTAWA, March 1.—The vote on the budget was the largest in the House since the Jesuit estates act vote. On that occasion the vote was 188 for and 13 against, making 201. Last night's vote was 72 for Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment and 126 against, making 198 in all. There were three pairs, eight absentees, two vacancies and the Speaker, which makes seventeen, and added to the 198 gives the full House of 215.

The Vaudreuil election case was brought up again to-day in the Supreme Court. The trial lasted a few minutes, when the decision which the court arrived at on Monday, unseating McMillan, Conservative, was confirmed. The delay allowed McMillan to vote last evening.

The debate on the budget came to a close last night, Messrs. Laurier and Foster being among yesterday's speakers. Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment, declaring for tariff revision in the direction of freer trade, was voted down by 126 to 72. Afterwards in committee of ways and means Dalton McCarthy moved that binder twine be placed on the free list. This was voted down by 78 to 49. Messrs. McCarthy, O'Brien, Davin and Hodgins (Carlton), Conservatives, voted for the motion.

Senators McDonald and McInnes took up the Songhees reserve question in the Senate yesterday, urging the necessity of the Indians being removed to some more suitable place. Mr. Bowell stated that negotiations were now in progress between the Dominion and Local Governments and Indians, the object being to buy out the latter's rights and procure a more suitable reserve elsewhere.

The bill to amend the Franchise Act, introduced by Mr. Costigan, provides that the revising officer shall revise the original list by striking out unqualified names, and add new names qualified in writing, together with the reasons for which any names have been struck off, and that this list be posted up, and so do away with the necessity for printing the first lists. It is also proposed to amend the law so that while a new voter might make a declaration setting forth his claims, that voter would not be allowed to declare for another year, as is allowed in the present law, but provision is made for declaration in behalf of men who were absent from the constituency. With regard to the duties of the revising officer, no change is made except as to districts that were effected by the recent Redistribution Bill. The bill provides power to make the changes required. Another clause would restore the date for receiving names to August 1st, the extension to August 15th, as under the present law, having proved inconvenient.

AS LABOR CANDIDATE.

A Former Newspaper Man Asked to Stand —Liberal Tactics.

VANCOUVER, March 1.—Yesterday's train arrived at 5:30 this afternoon, having been delayed on the western division.

The New Westminster presbytery have nominated Rev. Sedgewick, the brother of the new chief justice, for moderator of the general assembly.

J. J. Shinaberger, once manager of the Nanaimo Courier, has been asked by both the labor party and employers to contest Nanaimo district for the Commons. Delegates from Northfield mines met him here yesterday, but Shinaberger has declined.

Final reorganization of the Liberal Association has been laid over for a week, but an eye will be kept on the revision of the voters lists.

A proposition is on foot to erect 16 stores in Hastings this summer.

SUSPECTED INCENDIARISM.

Herring's Drug Store Did Not Fire Itself—A Branch of the Sons of Erin.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 1.—The fire at Herring's drug store last night was of greater proportions than at first supposed. The damage to-day is roughly estimated at from $4000 to $5000, insurance in four companies at $12,000. The circumstances attending the origin of the fire are suspicious. Herring's man stated that he was not in the store after 9 o'clock in the morning, but at 7:30, a quarter of an hour before the fire was discovered, a lamp was seen by pedestrians standing on the counter alight. This was about four feet from the seat of the fire. To-day the lamp was found, but there was no glass. The chemical engine not getting a proper call was late on the scene, therefore, the firemen had to put the hose on and the water did much damage, then the chemical extinguished the burning tins of turpentine, benzine, etc., in a few minutes. An investigation is expected.

A society of the Sons of Erin will be formed to-night, non-sectarian and non-political.

The city has decided to inspect all the milk sold in the limits and will buy a tester for the purpose. The milkmen are indignant.

The Y.M.C.A. threatened to close down if the city did not turn on the electric light in their premises, which had been shut off because the monthly bill was not promptly paid. The threat restored the light.

The ferry steamer Surrey will be leased for a term of years. It has not been a paying institution so far.

The school board asks the city for $24,000 for expenses this year.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

Tug Active arrived from Vancouver to-day to tow the bark Assel to Moodyville.

Steamer Danube, is loading tin for the northern cannaries. She sails to-night.

Work on the schooner C. H. Tupper at Pendar Bay has been temporarily suspended.

The Hyacinthe will go out for gun practice to-morrow. She will be away two or three days.

The steamer Capilano went to Seattle from Vancouver for a cargo of coal to replace the one burned on the J. R. McDonald.

The opposition tug Collis has been ordered home to San Francisco owing to dull times. She has fought the combine for several years.

During February 50 deep sea vessels and 101 coastwise vessels entered at this port, while 63 deep sea and 101 coastwise vessels cleared.

The British ship Andrada has just left San Francisco for Antwerp with a cargo of wheat, after having been in that port for 17 months awaiting cargo.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and from the City and Province.

James King leaves for the north next week.

P. T. McQuade, of New Westminster, is in town.

Rev. Dr. Reid is down from New Westminster.

Capt. L. Thompson, of Hatzic Prairie, is in the city.

A. P. Luxton returned from Vancouver last night.

A. J. Betchel returned from the Sound yesterday.

Charles Rattray returned from the Sound yesterday.

A. M Bullock came down from Vancouver last evening.

Georg eBeckingham came over from the Sound last night.

Frank G. Richards is doing very well at St. Joseph's Hospital.

Geo. Catalsky and Wm. McLeod, of Nanaimo, are in the city.

Mrs. M. Thain, of Vancouver, left for home on the Islander this morning.

Mayor Curtis, T. J. Trapp and A. M. Herring, of New Westminster, are in the city.

Mr. E. Doe, of Phillipsburg, Mont., and J. D. Thomas, of Seattle, are at the Oriental.

J. Dinnen and wife, of Helena, Mont., and Theo. Chapman, of Duluth, are at the Victoria.

Mrs. George Langley and Mrs. G. Morrison were passengers to Vancouver on the Islander this morning.

W. N. Mears, traveling passenger agent of the North Pacific Railway, came up on the City of Kingston from Tacoma last night.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

There were two fires during February. Loss $25.

The Knights of Pythias hall committee meet this evening.

The upper portion of the fire headquarters has been fitted up as a gymnasium.

Twenty three births, 29 deaths and 4 marriages were registered during last month.

Eleven Chinese overcrowding cases will be heard in the police court to-morrow morning.

Sixty names are signed to a petition for a charter for a new Court of Independent Order of Forresters.

To-day is St. David's Day, the patron saint of the Welsh and Manx. Sons of Cambria are "sporting" the leek.

E. Pauline defeated C. Rhodes at a billiard tournament at the Hotel Victoria last night. Score 250 to 249.

Some of the lacrosse men are already taking a little practice now and then. Victoria will have a good team in the field this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Hampson-Hemus will hold a mass Gospel Temperance meeting this evening and a farewell meeting will be held to-morrow evening.

Caretaker Mittens says that he will be satisfied with a pair of white "mittens" since there were no prisoners last night. Magistrate Macrae got the "kids."

The prizes won by the Sunday School children of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will be distributed on Friday evening. A musical programme will be furnished.

Germania Club officers: Harry Weber, President (re-elected); Professor Hilger, Vice-President: Aug. Herburger, secretary (re-elected); and Ludwig Hafer, Treasurer (re-elected).

Mr. Hobson and the Bishop.

There was other trouble between Mr. Hobson and the bishop. The latter is ritualistic in his views, while Mr. Hobson is a low churchman. The bishop informed him that "communion was not reverently administered unless the cup, after being used, was rinsed and the rinsing drunk by the officiating minister." Mr. Hobson said this was repugnant to the evangelical principles and ideas of decency held by him and his congregation and refused to comply. The case is the talk of church circles. Mr. Hobson arrived in town to-day, and if he cannot get satisfaction from the bishop he will appeal to the primate of England

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THE MONETARY QUESTION.

Discussion in the Imperial Parliament Upon Bimetallism.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Sir Henry Meysey Thompson, Liberal-Unionist M. P. for Handsworth, Staffordshire, moved in the House of Commons to day that the British Government should use its influence to bring about a re-assembling of the International Monetary Conference, with the object of finding a remedy for the evils attendant upon the divergence of values between gold and silver. Sir Henry, who is a director in several railways, and is recognized as a respectable authority on trade questions, argued that monometallism was a national misfortune, and that a fixed bimetallic ratio was the sole remedy for the existing difficulties growing out of the currency problem.

Mr. Samuel Montague, Liberal M.P. for Whitechapel, and well-known as a member of the banking house of Samuel Montague & Co., earnestly supported Sir Henry's motion and argued in favor of bimetallism. Other bimetallists also addressed the House in behalf of the proposition.

Mr. Gladstone, in reply, reminded the House that the international monetary conference met at the initiative of the United States, and it would be an unprecedented proceeding now to deprive America of the initiative. England had followed the Brussels discussion with more or less sympathy, and had a right to expect from the United States a declaration as to what steps that country proposed to take next. In the opinion of the Government no plan yet proposed showed how it was possible to change the standard of value of Great Britain. (Hear, hear.) It would place the Government in a ridiculous position if it should assume the initiative in re-opening the conference, having nothing to recommend for discussion. Mr. Gladstone further said that England was not alone among the civilized nations in her determination to adhere to her present monetary system. Seven other powers, without the slightest reference to England, had signified their intention not to change their currency. Half of the powers represented at the conference had shown that they leaned towards bi metallism, but as yet they had not given the most shadowy indication of what charge they were prepared to make. In conclusion, the Premier made an elaborate exposition of the benefits of monometallism and the dangers of bimetallism.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Chaplin, president of the Board of Agriculture, under the last Salisbury administration, supported the motion of Sir Henry Meysey Thompson at the Brussels Conference. He said that Bertram Currie (the British delegate) had persistently and deliberately done everything in his power to defeat the objects of the meeting.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, repudiated Mr. Chaplin's charge against Mr. Currie. The British delegates, he said, had been almost the only ones to support the American resolution in favor of extending the use of silver. From first to last bi-metallism has been at the bottom of the conference. It was at the bottom of the present debate. The failure of the conference was due to the absence of all definite proposals. If the United States should re-convene the conference and submit definite proposals the British Government would be happy to send back their delegates, but could not be expected to provide a scheme for the more extensive use of silver. He pointed to the returns of the income tax and debt duties to prove the growth of the country's wealth, and contended that the agricultural depression, which was largely responsible for the bimetallic agitation, was only temporary. The motion before the House, he said, was intended to raise prices, an operation which the Government could not undertake as it was outside its province.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Balfour, leader of the Unionist Opposition, denied that he or any of his colleagues desired a monetary system which would raise prices. The motion was not in favor of bimetallism. The fact was that the Government had decided to do nothing to remedy the evils evident both to trade and in agriculture.

Sir Henry Meysey Thompson's motion was finally rejected by a vote of 229 to 196. The announcement of the vote was received with loud Liberal cheers.

Disputing Alsace-Lorraine.

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—The question of international arbitration came up in the Reichstag to-day through a question asked by Dr. Barth, a leader of the Freisinnige party, who desired to know if the government would join the governments of Great Britain and the United States to establish arbitration as the method of settling international disputes.

Freiherr Marshal Rieberstein, minister of foreign affairs, replied that the imperial government was entirely willing to accept arbitration in special cases.

Herr Bebel, Social Democrat, suggested that the future nationality of Alsace-Lorraine should be submitted to international arbitration.

This suggestion brought Chancellor von Caprivi to his feet, who declared that if the question was submitted to arbitration and the arbitrators decided that Germany should surrender Alsace-Lorraine, the nation would refuse to acquiesce in the decision. Rather than give up that country Germans would prefer to shed the last drop of their blood. The chancellor's statement was greeted with patriotic cheers.

Leo Likes it Not.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—A Central News dispatch from Rome says:—"The Pope is greatly displeased by the abandonment of the American pilgrimage. He attributes the abandonment of the undertaking to the disputes between Archbishop Satolli and the American bishops, and has ordered an enquiry.

Unlawful Detention.

SEATTLE, Feb. 28.—Chief Jackson of the Seattle police was to day sued for $10,000 by Thomas Gibbons, on a charge of being unlawfully detained in jail without regular arrest and not being allowed to communicate with his friends or attorney. Several complaints of a similar kind have been recently made, alleging a sort of inquisitorial arrest on the merest suspicion and discharge at will, without trial. Several of the policemen are made defendants with Chief Jackson.

Agitation Among Orangemen.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 28.—A special to the Journal from Montreal says: There are 20,000 Orangemen in Canada who are even now preparing to help their brethren in Ulster should the Home Rule bill pass the House of Commons and the Lords. Orangemen thoroughly believe that trouble will occur in Ireland if the measure becomes law, and a prominent member of the Orange order in Quebec states that Orangemen are prepared to assist Ulster with money or with men if necessary. The different lodges all over the Dominion are in active correspondence, and a large sum of money is already subscribed. Negotiations have been opened with Australia, where there is a large body of Ulster Protestants, and a contingent is promised from there to go to Ireland. Some of the steamship companies have been asked for rates for several thousand men. The Orangeman who gave the information is employed on the Canadian Pacific, and he says there are thousands of men on that road ready to strike work and go to Ireland. "What is to prevent the Irish in the States from returning to Ireland?" he was asked. He answered: "They are no good. The Orangemen in Canada would like to get at them. Of one thing there is no doubt, the Orangemen here are willing and prepared to go to Ireland in case of trouble."

New Cars to be Built.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Mar. 1.—The Pennsylvania Railway Company has determined that it will not be caught unawares again in the matter of being unable to furnish coal cars for shippers. The company will in a few days place contracts for 2000 coal cars for this end of the road. They will be of the latest design and will be turned out with as great rapidity as possible. They will cost nearly a $1,000,000. The coal shortage in Pittsburg and vicinity a few weeks ago was almost wholly caused by the inability of the company to furnish prompt shipment facilities to the operators. The difficulty in which the Reading is involved throws considerable eastern coal business to the Pennsylvania Company, this has something to do with the order for the new cars.

Smuggling Disclosures.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—"I notice in the dispatches that United States special agents are at Vancouver, B.C., investigating the Chinese smuggling cases, and I am of the opinion there will be some startling disclosures," said Inspector Noyes, of the collector's office, to-day. "We have been able to put a stop to smuggling at this port to a great extent, and the best evidence of it is the fact that the importation of opium in a proper way has greatly increased, and a high price is asked for it in the market. While we have been able to keep the gates closed here, they have been left open on the Sound. The present smuggling investigation will no doubt put a stop to much smuggling."

Blaine's Memory Honored.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Citizens of all shades of politics and religions will unite to-night in a memorial meeting in honor of the late James G. Blaine. Six thousand tickets have been issued for the Auditorium, where the exercises are to be held, and applications for thousands more that could not be issued were received at the committee headquarters to-day. The meeting will be addressed by representative Republicans and Democrats, who will vie with each other in doing honor to the memory of the great statesman. The addresses will be interspersed with solemn music.

An Overdose of Opium.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Mrs. Ida Watters, aged 33, died last night in Brooklyn from an overdose of opium. She was employed as a servant in the Hotel de Paris, in Luffield street, and a few days ago she told a fellow servant that she was tired of life and intended to kill herself. This was supposed to be an idle threat. The woman's husband is a pugilist. He says that he and his wife have lived happily together, and that he knows of no cause why she should commit suicide. She is said to have been a habitual user of the drug.

Closed the Gambling Dens.

TACOMA, Feb. 28—At last the order has gone forth from the mayor and chief of police ordering all gambling rooms closed. Last night the places presented a lonely appearance, while the regular frequenters of the rooms wandered listlessly about the streets.

A CAREFUL MAN.

TO THE EDITOR:—The contumacious, anti-vaccinator as he lays low, awaiting developments, must smile unto himself as he reads that Premier Davie is going to forbid "the publication of any literature that is contrary to the opinions of the health board," to quote your report: A lively time he will have, as Mayor Beaven prophesied. As I, myself, once lent a friend a pamphlet denouncing vaccination, I am trembling in my shoes, and with a view to that rainy day, when the inevitable fine will be called for, I have bought one of these nickel-in-the-slot banks, and whenever I have a dime to spare I pop it in and cuss the Public Health Bill. My bank will hold a neat $5, and I hope the fine won't be more, but if it is, I must just buy more banks, that's what. Anti-vaccinators are a very harmless set of men when left alone, but on coercion they flourish and multiply exceedingly, so it will be well not to drive them too far. ONE OF THEM.

Oak Bay Sidewalk.

Ald. Bragg gives notice of his intention to introduce a by-law relating to a sidewalk to be constructed on Oak Bay avenue under the Local Improvement By-law.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire from all Parts of the Dominion.

The Winnipeg hockey team have returned from Toronto. They will be banqueted this week.

Rev. C. E. Middleton, paster of St. Martin's church, Toronto Junction, died after a lingering illness.

Alexander Manning, wife of ex-Mayor Manning, of Toronto, died Tuesday morning of paralysis. She had been ill for several weeks.

While Edward Marchand was working in the woods near Tilbury Centre, he was struck by a falling tree and perhaps fatally injured.

Stephen King, of St. John, N. B., uncle of Judge King and Postoffice Inspector King, was found dead in his chair. He was aged 79.

Wm. Walley attempted to leave Saltcoats, Manitoba, while in debt to many creditors, but was arrested and has been committed for trial for an attempt to defraud.

A fire in the large building in Sherbrooke known as the Mooney Art building, in which are the Public Library and Art Hall, did damage to the extent of $5000, insured.

The heaviest snow storm of the season set in at Fort William on Monday. Over three feet of snow have fallen and everything is blocked. Part of the roof of the curling rink fell in.

Intelligence has reached Kingston that Bishop Horden, of Moose Factory, James Bay, died on Jan. 12th, aged 65. He was the first bishop of Moosonee and was consecrated in 1872.

G. R. Van Norman, County Crown attorney of Brant, was stricken with paralysis and apoplexy on Saturday last and has remained unconscious ever since. He was 70 years of age.

J. T. Owen & Co., bankers, of Ailsa Craig, have suspended payment, the result, it is said, of the Shipley failure there recently. The deposits in Owen & Co.'s hands are said to amount to $10,000.

A fire in Enniskillen destroyed the store and dwelling of G. L. Stevens and the dwelling of Wm. Hall, and badly damaged several neighboring stores and residences. The total loss is $3500; partially insured.

The Winnipeg Liberal club entertained the Greenway Government and their supporters in the Legislature on Tuesday night. The Opposition members were also banqueted by the Young Men's Conservative club.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has almost completed its big exhibit for the World's Fair. The exhibit will include a model train, models of the Canadian Pacific ships and many maps and pictures illustrating the road.

The good looking wife of William Ryan, proprietor of the Hub hotel, Napanee, came to Belleville on Saturday on a visit. She did not stay, however, but started at once for the West, accompanied, it is said, by August Christie, a Grand Trunk operator at Sydney. The affair has created a great excitement.

The session of the Quebec Legislature, which was prorogued Tuesday, was perhaps the shortest since Confederation. It opened on January 12 and lasted for little more than six weeks. In all ninety bills were passed. The committee on privileges and elections, which is investigating the Bourbonnais scandal, sat right up to prorogation, and, not having finished the enquiry, will sit again next session.

Polishing Wood.

A beautiful process of polishing wood with charcoal is having quite a run among the furniture manufacturers of note in Paris. Only carefully selected woods are employed, of a close and compact grain, and these are covered with a coat of camphor dissolved in water, and afterwards with another composed chiefly of sulphate of iron and nutgall, these two compositions, in blending, penetrating the wood and giving it an indelible tinge, while at the same time they render it impervious to the attack of insects. When sufficiently dry, the surface of the wood is rubbed at first with a hard brush of couch grass, and then with charcoal of substances as light and pliable as possible. Any hard grains remaining in the charcoal scratch the surface instead of rendering it perfectly smooth. Alternately with the charcoal, the operator rubs the surface with flannel soaked in linseed oil and essence of turbentine, the flat portions have just previously been rubbed with natural stick charcoal, and the indented parts and crevices with charcoal powder. The result of this treatment is a beautiful color and a perfect polish.—New York Sun.

American Naval Manœuvres.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Under the terms of the order issued last month, the North Atlantic and South Atlantic squadrons will cease to exist to-day, when acting Rear-Admiral Walker will report to Rear-Admiral Gherardi on the Baltimore for duty in connection with the naval review. The future movements of the vessels comprising the latter's fleet will be governed by orders from Admiral Gherardi. It is expected that he will give Admiral Walker orders to sail with the Chicago and Philadelphia for Hampton roads during the coming week. By March 15th Admiral Gherardi expects to have all the vessels of his squadron out of the navy yards and on their way to Hampton roads, where he will await the arrival of Rear-Admiral Benham with the Newark and the Bennington.

Surface Drains.

Ald. Baker is going to introduce a by-law to provide for the construction and improvement of surface drains throughout the city. A similar by-law was defeated by the ratepayers last year, but it is thought that after the experience of the past winter the present by-law will meet with more favor.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Butcher knives at Fox's.

Why Victims Should be Cremated.

It is vain to hope for the abolition of cholera if its bacilli are still to be preserved by burying in the earth the bodies of its victims. The dead bodies of cholera patients are not merely dead organic matter. All dead bodies, whatever may have been the cause of death, contain myriads of living organisms. As soon as life ceases, these organisms assist in the process of decomposition, form poisonous products, and may excite disease if brought by air or water into contact with living beings. But what is much more important is the fact that, in a proportion of little less than 20 per cent, the bodies buried in the usual way in the earth contain, in addition to the ordinary agents of decomposition and putrefaction, the germs of zymotic diseases; the seeds of scarlet fever, yellow fever, smallpox, typhoid, cholera—the germs of pestilence almost imperishable in the earth, ready after many years of latency to revivify and recommence their infective activity. Any mode of burying the dead in the earth, with or without coffin, exposes the living to unnecessary danger. Anything short of complete destruction by fire or by some powerful chemical agent must be powerless or incomplete as a safeguard.—Sir Spencer Wells in Forum.

The New Book of Job.

Professor Paul Haupt of the oriental department of the Johns Hopkins university has returned from Germany, where he was in conference with the scholars making translations of the Bible under his direction. The Baltimore American says that the first part of the Bible to be printed will be a critical edition of the Hebrew text of the book of Job edited by Prof. C. Siegfiedl of the university of Jena. The book has been reconstructed in order to enable the reader to better understand it by putting verses in their proper position and sequence. Twenty-one pages of critical notes give the reason for the various changes of the preceding 27 pages of the Hebrew text. Another thing explained by these is the reason for the use of the blue, green and red grounds upon which certain portions of the Hebrew text are printed in clear black type. The blue ground indicates parallel compositions, the green ground that certain polemical interpolations directed against tendency of the poem were here made and the red certain correcting interpolations conforming the speeches of Job to the spirit of the orthodox system of retribution.—New York Sun.

Painted Him Green.

BALTIMORE, March 1.—A band of masked men went to the house of Ole Hudson in the village of Hamblin, in the outskirts of this city last night and gave him a coating of green paint. Hudson is charged with improper conduct towards young girls of the village. He was taken to the woods in his night clothes and there ordered to strip. One of the band was provided with a huge whitewash brush and a bucket of green paint, and he painted Hudson from head to heels. After the decoration, Hudson was rolled in the snow. He may die from suffocation caused by the stoppage of the pores by the paint. He is being parboiled by several doctors to loosen the pigment.

Swift Southern Law.

COLUMBIA, S.C., March 1.—The South Carolina record was almost broken to-day when John and James Atkinson were convicted of murdering James Clamp on the 28th of last month, only thirty days elapsing between the commission of their crime and the conclusion of their trial, which lasted four days. They will be hanged on June 9. Both are white, as was their victim.

Mrs. A. A. Williams
Lynn, Mass.

For the Good of Others

Rev. Mr. Williams Heartily Endorses Hood's Sarsaparilla.

We are pleased to present this from Rev. A. A. Williams, of the Sillsbee street Christian Church, Lynn, Mass.:

"I see no reason why a clergyman, more than a layman, who knows whereof he speaks, should hesitate to approve an

Article of Merit

and worth, from which he or his family have been signally benefited, and whose commendation may serve to extend those benefits to others by increasing their confidence. My wife has for many years been a sufferer from severe

Nervous Headache

for which she found little help. She has tried many things that promised well but performed little. Last fall a friend gave her a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It seems surprising what simply one bottle could and did do for her. The attacks of headache decreased in number and were less violent in their intensity, while her general health has been improved. Her appetite has also been better. From our experience with

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I have no hesitation in endorsing **its merits.**"
A. A. WILLIAMS.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. Price 25c

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I offer to furnish 500 patients for the next sixty days with my improved Artificial Teeth for nearly one half the usual price. Remember that they are not common rubber plates, but an art in dental science. The latest method used for all dental operations. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Old gold bought or taken in exchange for dental work. Remember DR. HARTMAN'S Dental Parlors, 73½ Government Street, f(24-tf

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Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. In use monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose post age for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH

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CUBB'S COUGH CURE (ANTISEPTIC) CUBB'S COUGH CURE

We do not publish testimonials from parties in the Eastern States, but from well known, reliable local parties.

Read the following from people you know:

Rev. Robert R. Maitland, L.L.B., one of the leading clergymen of Vancouver says: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the magical efficacy of your Cubb's Cough Cure in the treatment of cold in the head, throat and chest, and the croup tendency in children. I have recommended it to others after using it myself, feeling free to say it is just the thing to have in the house for such emergencies. I hope it will have a large sale."

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New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.
daw JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.
oc23 tf W. P. SAYWARD.

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A FORTUNE

Inherited by few, is pure blood, free from hereditary taint. Catarrh, consumption, rheumatism, **Scrofula,** and many other maladies born in the blood, can be effectually eradicated only by the use of powerful alteratives. The standard specific for this purpose—the one best known and approved—is **Ayer's Sarsaparilla,** the compound, concentrated extract of Honduras sarsaparilla, and other powerful alteratives.

"I consider that I have been

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several hundred dollars' expense by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and would strongly urge all who are troubled with lameness or rheumatic pains to give it a trial. I am sure it will do them permanent good, as it has done me."—Mrs. Joseph Wood, West Plattsburgh, N.Y.

Dr. J. W. Shields, of Smithville, Tenn., says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and know of many wonderful cures effected by its use."

"For many years I was laid up with SCROFULA, no treatment being of any benefit. At length I was recommended to give Ayer's Sarsaparilla a trial. I did so, and

By Taking

about a dozen bottles, was restored to perfect health—weighing 230 pounds—and am now a believer in the merits of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—James Petsy, Mine Boss, Breckenridge Coal Co. (Limited), Victoria, Ky.

"My niece, Sarah A. Losee, was for years afflicted with scrofulous humor in the blood. About 18 months ago she began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after taking three bottles was completely cured."—E. Caffall, P.M., Losee, Utah.

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Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

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H. M. YATES,
tf Secretary

THE NAVAL CHAPLA

HIS DECEASE AND SUBSEQUENT GHOST.

My story virtually began upon the evening of a hot and breathless July day, one of the days when New York is a species of reverberating furnace for the annealing of humanity, and as it had been a most intensely exciting day, the culmination of two weeks of prolonged effort, ceaseless anxiety and great mental strain, I was completely unstrung, and was so faint that I could hardly sit straight in my chair. My father, as cool and calm as if the day had been a perfectly pleasant and unexciting one, sat opposite me, and affixed his signature to sheet after sheet of the great pile of correspondence that lay before him, flinging each sheet upon the floor beside him, in exactly the same matter-of-fact way, as he always performed this, the last of his daily duties, for two hundred and ninety-eight, out of the three hundred and sixty-five and a quarter days in a year. Yet that morning the SS. "Misshap" had been towed into port, and her successful salvage meant no less than the saving of a cool three hundred thousand to his Company, which practically meant himself. But then, the "Misshap's" salvage meant only money to my father, to me it meant success, and I had that day tasted a long draught from the chalice of victory. I was only twenty-one then, for all that I am now recording took place more than twenty years ago, and while I can now look back upon the "Misshap" affair as a mere trifle, at that time it was everything to me, and the proud position that I now occupy as the best known and most celebrated theoretical actuary in the United States, rests to a great extent upon the reputation I earned by it. I was at that time an assistant actuary in the office of the Marine Insurance Company, of which my father was the Managing Director and the principal stockholder, and as I had always been a devotee of figures my position was very much to my taste. One morning, some two weeks before this memorable hot day, the agent of that fine ocean liner, the SS. "Misshap," had rushed into our office with a very white face and a yellow telegram in his hand, and in a very gasping and husky whisper, had informed my father that he was to consider that vessel abandoned to the underwriters by her owners. My father, in a by no means husky voice, told him to abandon and be struck by lightning if he wanted to, and after a few emphatic and somewhat exaggerated statements as to the smallness of soul that characterized men in this world, he threw the yellow sheet of ill omen over to me. It was simply a statement that the "Misshap" had been sighted six hundred miles off the coast in an entirely disabled and helpless condition. We had as I knew, a risk of over three hundred thousand dollars upon the vessel herself, not to speak of some risks on cargo, and like a flash the idea impressed itself upon me that by means of my beloved figures, the salvage of the endangered vessel could be expedited. I imparted my idea, with some heart quaverings, to my father, who laughed at me and then told me to go to work and I did. For five days and nights I hardly ate, I barely drank, I seldom slept; from the most scanty data imaginable, I grouped and arranged the different influences of wind and currents which would affect the drift of the derelict, I arrived at conclusions as to their probable influence upon her, by prolonged calculations, based upon data based upon the general experience of other navigators, and the weather reported by incoming steamers, and in five days I placed in the hands of the captain of the second relief steamer we sent out, a statement showing what the probable position of the "Misshap" would be upon the day that by burning a certain number of tons of coal, running at a certain rate of speed, consuming a certain amount of provisions, and steering a certain course, he would reach the missing steamer. From the day this steamer sailed until that day I had never a moment's peace. My calculations got into the newspapers and as there were more than one hundred passengers on board of the derelict they attracted a great deal of interest and were fiercely attacked by a great number of eager disputants, who proved that my figures were all wrong, and that the winds never did blow as they ought to do. For the sake of those interested, I felt constrained to reply and the strain this newspaper controversy involved was very great, indeed. At last, upon that very day, my calculations were proved worthy of a master of the art, by the triumphant towage of the "Misshap" into the bay by the very steamer that had acted upon my figures; the derelict having been found within two miles and a half of the position I assigned to her. No wonder, then, that I was exhausted by triumph and other causes upon the evening of such an eventful day.

At last my father threw off the last sheet, plunged his pen into the shot glass, arranged his blotting pad, and looked up. He smiled when he saw my tired face, and said, "John, you had better catch the seven boat, and stay with your mother for a month. Here's a cheque for five hundred; let business alone; have a good time with Edith, and when you come back take the position of actuary, with full salary."

I had thought myself exhausted, but I suddenly discovered that I never had felt better in my life; when my father concluded this little speech. I managed to thank him, and to catch the boat, but during the whole time, body, soul, and spirit were filled with but one thought, and that was centred around the name of Edith, my cousin, and the object of my secret devotion. I can never remember when I had not loved that divine creature, but since we were boy and girl together I had never dared to mention it, for a dark cloud had come between us of late, occasioned, as I then thought, by my causeless jealousy of my cousin Arthur. Arthur was the son of a brother of my father, who had gone down with the Indiaman he commanded, when Indiamen did sail out of the port of New York, and since his arrival in New York some years before, to enter Yale, where he was receiving a liberal education, which, in my opinion, was principally in the direction of learning how to spend money, he had almost monopolized Edith. She was very musical, and absolutely raved over German music, composed by men with unpronounceable names, whose music appeared to be not unlike the rattle of a Scotch cart over a paved street, mingled with the mewing of a cat, and as Arthur played the fiddle, they played duets together, and went to recitals together, until I could not bear the sight of either of them. To make matters worse, Arthur was a decidedly good-looking fellow, with a black moustache, and a cheery, pleasant manner, that suited well his ever over-abundance of animal spirits. I, on the other hand, was a somewhat ordinary looking young man, with a couple of wrinkles on each side of my nose and a tendency to quietness, both mentally and bodily.

At the time I speak of, Edith and her mother were staying at Newport with my mother, and Arthur was in Canada, with the Aunt who had brought him up, so that I had a clear course, and I determined to make the best use of it. The position I had won was one that would enable me to marry, and as during that spring Edith had been much kinder to me than she had been for years, I thought that everything wore a most favorable aspect.

What happy days Edith and I had together during that all too short and ever to be remembered month. We swam together in the surf, drove together, picnicked together, read to one another on the beach, and nearly every night, shy and all as I was, I managed to dance with Edith without making a fool of myself, at least twice. I never felt in the least awkward or under a painful constraint with my cousin, although with other girls I was so shy that I could hardly speak, excepting always when I tried to nerve myself to ask the question I was determined not to go back to New York without voicing. It was strange how often our talk drifted around to Arthur, his personality and his actions, particularly when I had managed to screw my courage up to the speaking point. We talked about his boyish adventures, and his youthful affection for Miss Saunders and Miss Mulcahy, two young women of the loud species, in whom he had once been strongly interested. Of his college scrapes, successes and defeats, and most of all, of his character. I never could understand how it was that I, who had always looked upon Arthur as both selfish, showy, and most superficial, should, during these conversations be, invariably, his advocate, while Edith, with much heat, pressed these very charges home against him. It was strange, also, how her eye brightened when I made a point against her, and on one occasion she seemed somewhat agitated, and broke off the conversation, by telling me that I was quite eloquent and she was proud of me. Poor fool that I was, I thought this was a sure proof that she loved me, and pressed my arguments as to Arthur's genuineness home on every occasion, as I sincerely wanted Edith to be Arthur's friend, for his good, you know.

On the last evening we were to be together, Edith and I went out on the veranda after the hop, and for a long time we sat there looking at the wide band of silver the white moonlight made, as a girdle to the bright calm water. What little we said was about our last month's happiness, and at last, after a somewhat longer silence than usual, Edith turned her pure and perfect face to me and putting out her hand, said: "Oh, Jack! You have been so good, and it has been so lovely."

I caught her hand and my heart stood still. I looked out over her fair head on the fair world and tried to still the tremulousness of deep, tender happiness that swept over me. It was long before I could recover control of myself, but at last I bent down to speak and win the delight I had been given such a foretaste of. The rush of wild words was on my lips, when Edith suddenly began:

"Jack. My dear, dear brother, I must tell you, although I have told no one, not even mamma. Before Arthur went away he told me he loved me, and wanted me to marry him, but I was frightened, and could only tell him that he must wait until he came back. And, Jack, I am going to say, Yes. If I had any doubts you have swept them all away, for if you think Arthur is so good there is nothing to prevent my loving him and I do.

It is twenty years since that night, that's no short time, but I can remember, and almost feel, the strange, cold numbness that came over me when Edith began to speak. A mist swept over my eyes, so that I could not see her or the bright moonlight, but the words, "I am going to say yes," droned in my ears. A dull ache came into my heart with her first words and I seemed to be unable to and sore a" ver, holding Edith's hand breathe. How long I stood there, stiff I do not know, nor when I did manage to speak, I mumbled out:

"Arthur will be here on Friday, dear, and I am glad. I hope you will be happy, and now come in, it's growing chilly."

She stood up and I kissed her forehead very solemnly. Like a flash her arms were round my neck, and she kissed me on the mouth, how sweet and warm her young lips felt. She cried out, with a little shiver, "Oh, Jack, how cold you are, come in." And we went into the hall together. I said I would go to bed, and taking up her hand I kissed it, as I always did when saying good night, and went upstairs, very slowly, feeling like a very old and tired man.

Next morning I did not see her, as I left for the city by the six o'clock boat, and a more dismal trip than that one was I cannot remember. Every stroke of the engine seemed to cry, "Lost, lost," and to make matters worse there were several shipping men on board who, of course, knew all about the 'Misshap' affair. They got around me and tried to make me talk business; had it not been for the dull ache in my heart, I would have been very glad of this opportunity, as they were all heavy men and knew about figures, but now, what did I care about business, was not Edith lost to me?

The result of our conversation was that I heard Jones, of the "A & B," tell Smith, of the 'Star,' that 'Young Clarkson might be a mighty clever fellow, but he knew how to keep himself to himself, be gosh, when it was to his interest to do t'other thing," but what did I care.

I had no idea of how completely Edith had entered into my life, and for the next two weeks I struggled hard to get to work again as usual, but with little effect. Where this would have ended, had not a change come, I do not know, but one morning—fully a week after he should have put in his appearance—Arthur rushed into the office. He was brown, strong, and handsome, and boisterous, particularly in his greetings. Without a moment's pause he rattled on about Canada, Canadians, his dear old Aunt, the pretty girls he had flirted with and the capital sport he had. At last he wound up by telling us that it was all settled.

"What is it that is all settled, Arthur?" said my father, with some severity, as he completed the re-arrangement of his desk, disturbed sadly by Arthur's vehement greeting.

"Why, that I am to go into the church and then marry Edith," laughed Arthur. "I have been down to see her, and she says she will have me, so wish me joy all round. As to holy orders, my Aunt is very anxious I should be a clergyman, and if I go in for it she will give me something to help out my stipend, and leave me her money in the end."

During this speech Arthur had calmly seated himself upon a desk, and as calmly produced a cigar, which he proceeded to light, and smoke—of course, he knew this was against the rules of the office. It had come, then, at last, and great as the blow was, I managed to get up and pull myself across the floor to where he sat and wish him joy. My father did not say a word. He leaned back in his chair and slowly his face gathered into a species of bunch of amazement, that gradually concentrated itself into a pucker and a shrill prolonged whistle followed. My father, I may explain, had been a sailor in his youth, and was proud of his sailor blood and of my brother Tom, who wore the blue and gold of a commander in the United States navy. When very much startled he sometimes relapsed into the language of his early days, and I was, therefore, not at all surprised when he fairly bellowed out, before the whistle had exhausted all his wind:

"D—— your eyes, you young lubber, what do you mean?"

"You can't take it all in' Uncle," said Arthur, with a cheery laugh. "Why, it's all right. I would just remark, however, that while the energetic use of the verb to damn adds a great deal of force to your remarks, as a presumptive wearer of the cloth, it is my duty"—long puff of smoke—"to object seriously to its use in my presence."

"Well, you are the darndest specimen of a cool young man I know of," said my father, with a very appreciable bristling of his moustache. "Nice preacher you will make. Did you tell your Aunt?"

Arthur gave vent to another long puff of smoke, and shook his head.

"D—— you again. Did you tell Edith's mother?"

Another long puff of smoke and another shake of the head from Arthur, who had locked his hands around his knees by this time.

"D——you!" said my father, whirling around to his desk.

Arthur jumped down from his perch, and in an instant had one of my father's hands in his own. "Don't swear at me Uncle," he began. "Edith and I really care for one another, we will have enough to live upon, and there is nothing to prevent us being happy that I know of. I am in earnest about going into the church. It's the best thing I can do. You know I need something to keep me straight. Don't quarrel with me, Uncle."

"If Edith's willing I do not see that I have much right to say anything about the matter, Arthur, my lad. I did want you to go in for law, but you can have your own way," said my father, and he wrung Arthur's hand.

Arthur explained, a little huskily, that the reason he had not spoken to my Aunt was that he wished to consult with the Father, and he bolted out of the office down to catch the Newport boat. For an hour after there was a dead silence in the office, unbroken even by the scratching of my pen. At last my father said: "Jack!"

"Yes, sir," I answered, wondering a little, for he generally called me John. Before I had time to turn around he had put his hand on my shoulder, and when I looked up his face was so kind, almost tender, that I could not keep mine own straight.

"So you wanted her, too," he said, after a minute or two. "Poor boy, it's pretty hard on you. For Edith's sake, I wish you had got her. Arthur needs to be ten years older before he is a safe man for any woman to trust." I broke down altogether at this, and we had a talk that did me a great deal of good.

Of course, the matter was soon settled, and everybody thought that the match was a splendid one. I relapsed into the position of a brother and a confidant—I had never held, as I now saw, any other position—and Edith treated me as Arthur's friend as well as her own. For the next year I had to submit to the fates, content myself with hard work in my new position, and bear, as best I might, the sight of Arthur's arms around Edith on numerous occasions, for they were as fond a pair of lovers as the fabled turtle doves. At last Arthur passed his examinations, obtained his decree, took holy orders and the marriage followed. My Aunt lived in the same house—a semi-detached villa—as we did, and as the young couple lived with her, our old order of life was not greatly changed by the new state of affairs. Arthur obtained the curacy of old St. Mary's, a somewhat antiquated edifice, down by the wharves, surrounded by wholesale warehouses and saloons, with a large endowment and a small congregation. I cannot say that I consider that his clerical duties appeared to have much influence on the young man. He certainly dressed in the most ultra-clerical garments, but for all that he drove behind a fast horse and played billiards. He never went to wines, of course, but he became a most inveterate drinker of tea at social gatherings of that name, and, although he did not flirt, he organized ladies classes into which he impressed all the young ladies of his acquaintance, and a St. Mary's Guild, attended by I really don't know who. He composed very high sounding and highly edifying discourses, which he rehearsed to Edith, and preached on Sunday evenings to somewhat empty pews, and as a result, although I thought Edith somewhat neglected, I heard him called a most exemplary young man and a model clergyman. The return of my brother, Tom, from the Chinese Seas, after a ten years' absence from home, and the birth of Edith's baby was the principal events that broke the monotony of our lives at this time. So monotonous, in fact, did my life become, that during this year, at Arthur's solicitation, I became the secretary-treasurer of the "Ladies' Society for the Dissemination of a Knowledge of the Use of Insect Powder Among the Lower Classes," and that was an exciting office I can assure you. Not to speak of the constant difficulties that were as constantly arising between the president, Miss Willet, and the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Bickbocker, who was a large subscriber to the funds—she never paid ten cents on the dollar, however,—which it was unfortunately my duty to arrange, did that society not institute a visiting committee, composed of these two ladies and myself, whose duty it was to make a monthly tour of visits among its clients. If I have a bald spot on the crown of my head, I am quite sure it is owing to the manner in which we were received on one occasion by a Mrs. McPull, who kept a boarding house, and persistently refused to have anything to do with the Society. It was not the duty of our committee to visit this lady, but Miss Willet was determined to see if the agent of the Society had properly laid before her the arguments and inducements that were, to a certain extent, its stock-in-trade, and I, well, really, I did prefer to face Mrs. McPull rather than argue the question with both the ladies, who agreed upon this matter, for a wonder, at a street corner. The subject is still a painful one, and I must say that after our visit to Mrs. McPull, I thought it would have been better to have argued the question.

(Concluded to-morrow.)

Rich, Red Blood

As naturally results from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as personal cleanliness results from free use of soap and water. This great purifier thoroughly expels scrofula, salt rheum and all other impurities and builds up every organ of the body. Now is the time to take it.

The highest praise has been won by **Hood's Pills** for their easy, yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

New spring stock of Wiltons, Brussels, velvets and tapestry carpets at Weiler Bros. *

Cavin Bros., 94 Douglas street, are selling boots and shoes at cost for CASH for 30 days. *

China and Japan straw mattings in good assortment at Weiler Bros. *

An Apology to the Women of Canada

There was the notion that a woman's life had broader outlook than the embroidery frame, or the the sentimental novel. It was hard to make the world believe that.

There was the higher education. That was hard to obtain. There was the idea that the woman could vote as intelligently upon a school board as a man. There was a bitter fight for the triumph of that idea.

Woman has triumphed all along the line.

AN APOLOGY IS DUE TO THE WOMEN OF CANADA.

The proprietors of Melissa commenced with the men. The men, through the trade, made such constant demand for Melissa garments, to replace the archaic rubber coat, that manufacture and proofing was confined to them.

The ladies of Canada said:—"Why can't we get Melissa wraps as the men can get Melissa coats?" That was decisive. The demand is answered. Every village, town and city in Canada, can now have its supply of

LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND MISSES RAINPROOF WRAPS

in the latest New York styles, without the New York expense.

It means an A 1 New York designer and cutter; an imported staff of trained assistants, all MEN, and all efficient cloak makers. But it means, too, exquisite tailor made wraps, within a few steps of the home, wherever the home is, at less than the cost of imported goods.

The latest designs; the most perfect fit; the style and smartness of the expensive New York wraps. There is beauty in them. They are purely Canadian. They are right at your door. They are superior to anything of European manufacture.

They express the best in taste and imagination that New York can produce. But the cost is a great deal less.

As simple wraps they are "distingue." Proofed with Melissa, they are both elegant and comfortable, for they are a double protection, against cold and against rain. Either way they are now on the market.

The Melissa proofed wraps cost but a trifle more than the ordinary cloth wrap.

Be Sure You Get Melissa. Don't take what some unscrupulous salesmen or traders will tell you is the same as Melissa. Or as good as Melissa. They are really only worthless imitations.

You can always tell a genuine Melissa garment by the Trade Mark Label. Just look under the collar inside.

Designs, Patterns, and every other information furnished on application. Special attention given to letter order.

THE MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO., MONTREAL.

J. W. MACKEDIE & Co., MONTREAL,

Sole Agents for the Dominion.

If You Think any kind of a crop will do, then any kind of seeds will do: but for the best results you should plant

FERRY'S SEEDS.

Always the best, they are recognized as the standard everywhere.

Ferry's Seed Annual is the most important book of the kind published. It is invaluable to the planter. We send it free.

D. M. FERRY & CO. WINDSOR, Ont.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR The Celebrated

CHOCOLAT MENIER

Annual Sales Exceed 33 MILLION LBS.

For Samples sent Free, write to C. ALFRED CHOUILLOU, MONTREAL.

Do You Write for the Papers?

If you do, you should have THE LADDER OF JOURNALISM, a Text-Book for Correspondents, Reporters, Editors and General Writers.

PRICE, 50 CENTS.

SENT ON RECEIPT OF PRICE, BY

ALLAN FORMAN,

117 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

State where you saw this and you will receive a handsome lithograph for framing.

CHURCH ORGANS.

The list of Churches using our Organs will prove to your satisfaction that we furnish the BEST for the least money. Prices from $300 to $3,000. If you will state the seating capacity of your church or hall, we will send—(free)—complete specifications of a

PELOUBET CHURCH ORGAN,

exactly suited to your needs. We are also prepared to build Church Organs for residences.—These instruments are the crowning feature of a modern home. We build in style to match the woodwork. Write for designs and prices.

LYON & HEALY, State and Monroe Sts. CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Our factories produce upward of 100,000 musical instruments annually.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As complaints have been made by residents of the higher levels that they are unable to obtain water, for the reason that it is being allowed to run to waste on the lower levels, the attention of all those so wasting water is called to the provisions of the "Water Works Prohibition By-Law," under which parties guilty of improperly wasting water are liable on conviction to a penalty of $100.

A. WILMOT, Water Commissioner.

January 27, 1893. ja28-tf

BY-LAW

No. 187.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

Sec. 1. The Commissioners of Sewers By-Law, 1892, is hereby repealed.

Passed the Municipal Council on the 10th day of February, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

No. 188.

A BY-LAW

Authorising the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Borrow the sum of $225,000.00 in anticipation of the receipt of its Revenue for the year 1893.

Whereas under and by virtue of sub-section 134 of section 101 of the Municipal Act, 1892, every municipality may under the conditions contained in said sub-section borrow from any person such sum of money not exceeding an amount equal to the total amount of taxes upon land or real property as shown by the revised assessment roll of the municipality for the preceding year, and bearing such rate of interest as may be requisite, to meet the current legal expenditure of the corporation which becomes payable out of the annual revenue before the revenue for the year becomes payable by the tax payers;

And whereas the total amount of the tax upon land for the year 1892 is $235,907.55 and upon improvements $41,551.87;

And whereas to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the year 1893 payable out of the annual revenue before such revenue for such year becomes payable by the tax payers, it is requisite for the said Corporation to borrow the sum of $225,000.

Therefore be it enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria by the Mayor and Finance Committee thereof, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation from any person or persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations who may be willing to advance the same, the sum of $225,000.00, in such amounts and at such times as the same may in the opinion of the Mayor and the Finance Committee of the Council be required, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum.

Sec. 2. The money so borrowed shall be expended in defraying the current legal expenses of the said Corporation for the year 1893, and shall, together with the interest thereon, be payable and repaid to the lender or lenders thereof on or before the 31st day of December, 1893, out of the municipal revenue for the said year.

Sec. 3. An acknowledgement of such liability shall be in the form of a promissory note signed by the Mayor and the Finance Committee and Clerk of the said Corporation and shall be sealed with the corporate seal of the said Corporation.

Sec. 4. In the construction of this by-law the expressions "Land" and "Improvements" and "Real property" shall have respectively the meaning given to them in section 2 of the Municipal Act, 1892.

Sec. 5. This by-law may be cited as the "Annual Loan By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 17th day of February, A. D. 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 20th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Numbering of Hawkers and Pedlers.

Whereas by sub-section 61 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council is empowered to make, alter and repeal by-laws inter alia to regulate the numbering of hawkers and pedlers,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Every hawker or pedler licensed under the Revenue By-Law, 1889, shall at the time of the issue of his license receive from the collector a plate bearing a number which shall be affixed on a prominent place on the outside of his wagon, cart or other vehicle or basket or other receptacle for carrying or conveying his goods, wares, or merchandise and said plate shall remain thereon during the period for which the license is granted or in case more than one basket or other receptacle is carried by the licensee then the plate shall be attached to one of such baskets or other receptacle, and such plate shall be returned to the collector at the expiration of the term of the license and may be reissued by him.

Sec. 2. Any person convicted of a breach of this by-law shall forfeit and pay at the discretion of the convicting magistrate a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, for each offence exclusive of costs and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith the said penalty and costs or costs only may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the city of Victoria with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding one calendar month unless the said and penalty costs be sooner paid.

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Hawker and Pedler Numbering By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of January, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 1st February, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of the by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Amusements.

For particulars and dates of amusements, see fourth page, column next editorial.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Honest, straightforward boy, to collect accounts. Wages, $10 per month. Address, P.O. Box 797, City. fe27-3t

WANTED—Teacher for the Hornby Island public school. Apply at once to Geo. Heatherbell, Hornby Island. fe27-8t-d-1tw

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. ma8-s-w-4w

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A practical and experienced hotel man to locate at Fort Sheppard, B.C. For particulars apply at the Company's Office, 26 Fort Street. Geo. Brown, Secretary. fe27-1w

WANTED—Insurance upon merchants, stocks, household goods, dwellings and stores by the Alliance Assurance Co. (capital $24,000,000). Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND lives to insure in the Great Western Life Assurance Co. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

LOST—A heavy kid glove, fur-trimmed; finder will please return to TIMES office.

CAME to the premises of Mr. M. Rolland, Burnside Hotel, one bay horse with white face and one white hind leg. Owner can have by proving property and paying expenses. If not claimed within 10 days after date it will be sold by auction. Victoria, Feb. 24. 10t

LOST—A leather purse. Finder will please return to TIMES Office. fe24-1w

LOST—Between Blanchard and Quadra Sts., on Fort St., a black morocco purse containing money and coins. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at TIMES Office.

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—Short time. Persona security. "Mum," TIMES Office.

TO LOAN—Money in large or small sums upon first mortgage by the "York-hire Guarantee and Securities Corporation. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—A good spring wagon with horse and harness complete for $140. Apply to Geo. Phillips, 146 Government St. f28-tf

FOR SALE—A fine team, wagon and harness complete; will sell the lot for $300. Apply to 59½ Government street. f28-3t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A well bred mare in foal to Telmie's Lollard. 58 Kings road. fe27-1w

FOR SALE—155 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ½ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

FOR SALE—Ten acres of very fine land, suitable for chicken or small fruit ranch, all cleared, well drained and under cultivation, six miles from city, on Saanich road. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten roomed house, new, two minutes from Oak Bay avenue tram line. will be sold for $1000 less than would have been taken a year ago. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry District n11-tf-d-w

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—Two or three rooms and kitchen, well furnished, 63 Superior street, James Bay. fe23-tf

TO LET.—Twenty acres of fine "market garden" land, three miles from city. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

$10 A MONTH—Nice detatched cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Kearns on the premises. se20tf

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. D. B. HOLDEN
Has opened an office at the corner of Langley and Broughton streets. f23

H. D. LEITCH, M.D., Physician and Surgeon. Office—Driard Block, Victoria, B.C.; Telephone 429. Residence—129 Quadra Street, near North Park Street; Telephone 181. Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. fe15-tf

DR. JOHN HALL,
Homœpathist,
Has removed his office to the Five Sisters Block, 3rd floor, No. 35. Attendance from 2 till 5. fe10-1m

DR. E. C. FOOT,
B. A. and M. B., University of Dublin, Licentiate Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 113 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Street. de3

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., Edinb rgh,
Physician, Surgeon, etc. Specialty:—Eye Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets.
Residence, corner Cadboro Bay road and Fernwood. au4

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist,
(Late of the Dominion Hotel) will in future receive patients at the residence of Mr. Hillyer, 56 Pandora Street. fe2-eodtf

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
Established 1797. Amount insured $300,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Yestion street, Victoria, B. C. jan5-1y

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

PIANO TUNING.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P.O Box 22.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

SONS OF ERIN

Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p.m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y

Pride of the Island No. 131 meets second and fourth Tuesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au19yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS

Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,

No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE

No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. 1y28 E. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH

Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LANGLEY, Scribe E.
t-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K.

Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. K. PFERDNER,
oc9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN

Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.

L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,

PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 72

JOHN J. AUSTIN

NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 80.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184, ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale e23-1y

NOTICE.

Hall of Columbia Lodge No. 2, I.O.O.F., February 25th, 1893.
To the officers and members of Columbia Lodge No. 2, I.O.O.F. On Wednesday evening next, business of great importance will be considered. A full attendance of members is requested. By order of the Noble Grand.
R. W. FAWCETT, Recording Secretary.
fe27

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Directors of the

CONSUMERS CORDAGE COMPANY, (Ltd.)

Have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. for the three months ending February 1st, 1893, payable at the Head Office of the Company, Montreal, on March 1st, 1893, to shareholders of record February 20th, 1893.
The Transfer Books will be closed from this date to March 1st inclusive.
CHAS. B. MORRIS,
Secretary.
Montreal, 17th March, 1893. fe28 4t

PETERBORO pen, Sailing, Paddling and Hunting

CANOES.

For sale on the monthly instalment plan. For prices and terms apply at 18 TROUNCE AVENUE, and secure one in the first shipment. fe24-1m

Notice of Removal.

The office of the Spokane and Great Northern Mining Co. is removed to 104 Yates St.
WILLIAM BAINES,
Agent.
fe9-1m

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths, free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, Ld.
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

DAVIEISM.

The Colonist vigorously belabors Mr. Brown because he suggested that the enforcement of too tyrannical "health regulations" might be resisted with Winchesters. It seems to us, the gravest objection to the plan hinted at by Mr. Brown is that the bullets would reach the wrong people. If anybody is to be be shot, the authors and not the mere instruments of the obnoxious legislation should be the sufferers. It is not surprising that the Premier's partiality for czarism should provoke some talk of armed resistance to the decrees of his prospective health board. On the principle of "like master like man," it is only reasonable to expect some artistic displays of tyranny by this institution, such as would provoke even a patient man to rebellion. We have a strong suspicion that the oppressive tendency of the health bill would have been very seriously modified in the House only that many honorable members expect to see the drastic provisions applied to Victoria alone, as were last year's celebrated "regulations" and "rules." They remember Dr. Davie's prompt retreat when Vancouver's aldermen and health officer openly defied his authority and refused to obey his orders. This was in striking contrast with his conduct in Victoria, and no less noticeable was the Premier's failure to apply such coercion to Vancouver as he applied to the municipal authorities here. Certain honorable members assume that these peculiar administrative methods will be continued under the new health bill, and they do not care so long as their own municipalities are not affected. There is one comforting thought in connection with the whole question. The Premier is an injudicious tyrant; his vindictiveness is altogether too strong for his judgment, and he can therefore be depended on to "play himself out." His proposal to repress the circulation of literature that does commend itself to the views of the board of health is an illustration. The man who can devise so desperately fatuous a measure as that is pretty certain to upset himself and all his administrative outfit into the fire.

REPRESENTATION AT OTTAWA.

The Commercial Journal this week energetically finds fault with the Dominion Government's treatment of this province. Speaking of the tariff it says:—

We are pleased to observe that the British Columbia members have shown some intention of insisting upon the interests of this province being secured in the shape of the expenditures of the public money. We trust they will not forget that, in all justice and equity, not a few exceptions should be made in our favor in the matter of collecting duties upon articles which we, from our geographical situation, are forced to import, inasmuch as we have not nor are we likely to have facilities for their production at home.

As British Columbia's representatives have hitherto shown themselves slavish supporters of every tariff proposal offered by the Government, it is rather too much to expect that they will now take an independent position, even in the interests of their own province. They want just what the Government wants. No doubt their votes were cast yesterday against Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment calling for tariff reform. They have done even worse than that in the past, for they have held up their hands in favor of duties intended as special taxes on the people of British Columbia for the benefit of eastern producers. We have no expectation that the British Columbia members will give the Government any trouble on the tariff question. This state of affairs gives special point to the remarks which the Commercial Journal offers in regard to the prospective election in Vancouver District. It says:—

The relations between British Columbia and the Dominion government are such that the former cannot well afford to send a dyed in the wool Conservative—a gentleman who through thick an thin will endorse Sir John Thompson and all his works. Probably the most useful man the province had was removed by the death of Mr. Gordon. and it is a gentleman somewhat of his stamp—only of even more pronounced independence—that Nanaimo will honor itself and benefit the province at large by choosing as its member. Mr. Gordon's successor should be a business man—not a lawyer; he should have some definite interest in our development—even should he be only what is known as a workingman—and with, in addition, the other qualifications necessary to a public representative there is a reasonable certainty of British Columbia getting a hearing. For men whose only claim to election is that they are good party men or that they shine either in social or military circles, the people of the coast have but little use. They want to be heard from, and it is men who, when they have something to say, will not be deterred from saying it, that must henceforth be sent to Ottawa. This province entered the Confederation with the idea of being benefited by the union. But very much that was expected has not been obtained. This must be had, and we must choose men who will do their utmost to obtain it.

With all of which we cordially agree. There is an opportunity now of sending to Ottawa one true friend of the province, a man who will consider the interests of the people here and not the interests of the political combination at present holding office. The TIMES most earnestly hopes that the opportunity will not be wasted. It will be strange indeed if a "thick and thin" supporter of the Government is sent to to Parliament at a time when the Government's conduct is meeting with such general execration.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The English Royal Commissioners in a report on school matters in 1888 said, "That the time has come when the State may be more exacting in requiring for all children a proper amount of air, light and space, suitable premises and a reasonable extent of playground; that we approve the rule of the Department that ten square feet and 100 cubic feet should be the minimum accommodation provided for each child in average attendance in all school buildings in future to be erected; that, so far as the Department have any voice in the planning of a new school, the provision of a playgrounnd should, as a rule, be recommended, and, if possible, separate ones for the two sexes." The Education Department of England recently gave notice that it would require every grant-aided school to comply with its building rules, as set forth in the above. How near do the Victoria schools come to the standard thus specified?

The election in Toronto for the Ontario Legislature resulted in the return of Dr. Ryerson, the Opposition candidate, the vote standing: Ryerson, Conservative, 6984; Dr. Ogden, Liberal, 6707; Phillips Thompson, Labor, 604. The Conservatives seem to have found great cause for rejoicing in the result, but it is hard to tell why, since they have long made it a boast that no "Grit" has any chance of election in Toronto. The late Mr. Bidgelow owed his election largely to differences among the Conservatives and his own personal popularity. Dr. Ryerson's supporters might naturally have been surprised at the small size of his majority rather than at his securing any majority at all. If this is the best the Ontario Opposition can do in the stronghold of Conservatism, the Mowat Government has very little cause for fear. It seems altogether likely that if there had been no Labor candidate in the field Dr. Ogden would have been elected.

I GO A FISHING.

(Dedicated to Mrs. Hemus.)

TO THE EDITOR:—One day a Baptist, a Presbyterian and a Methodist organized a three days' fishing excursion and took a guide with them who was well versed in the best methods of fishing and knew the locality of the best places to catch fish. The guide carried the basket into which all the fish caught were put. All contributed towards the expenses of the outfit and were equally successful in filling the basket. At the close of the holiday, the guide, instead of dividing the catch, coolly took the whole lot to the house of the Methodist and between them they gobbled up the lot, leaving the others to go home empty handed, or go to work again to catch more fish. ECHO.

An Incorruptible Man.

In time to come Gen. Saussier, the military governor of Paris, is likely to be remembered by France with pride and affection in connection with the present crisis. Agents of the Count of Paris have hinted at a ducal or princely title and enormous revenues that would be the result of treachery on the part of Gen. Saussier to the Republic, and while the hints have not been uttered directly to Gen. Saussier care has been taken that they would reach him. But he is immovable in his fidelity to duty. He is not a strong Republican in his sympathies, but he is thoroughly faithful to his lawful superiors and it is not doubted that he will obey their orders to the letter. The knowledge of this fact makes the Government feel secure against any attempt at insurrection from whatever source the attempt may be made.

When the battle waged thickest around President Carnot's head, and his downfall seemed likely, Gen. Saussier was mentioned as his successor. The General promptly went to President Carnot, and said he was in no sense a candidate for the Presidency, and assured him of a readiness to call out the troops at a moment's notice to suppress any insurrection.

Without Gen. Saussier's fidelity and the discipline of the troops in his command, Paris would have been bathed in blood days ago and it is quite probable that the Government would have been overthrown.

Charts, tide tables, nautical books and almanacks at J. Johnson & Co. *

Wonderful Bargains

At Russell, McDonald & Co.

The Vancouver Knights.

A picture of the Vancouver Division, Uniform Rank, K. of P., presented to Col. Behnsen is displayed in the window of the Northern Pacific office. It is a very nice photograph.

County Court.

County Court will be held to-morrow. The list includes the following: Ordinary summonses 44, adjourned summonses 8, garnishee summonses 3, judgment summonses 31; total 86.

Inland Revenue Returns.

Spirits	$4805 48
Malt	756 98
Tobacco	2241 11
Cigars	1006 80
Petroleum inspection	17 10
Total	$9009 48

Council Meeting.

The board of aldermen meet this evening, when in addition to regular work, a number of by-laws will be considered. Under the regular work head there are a number of communications and reports to be dealt with.

Spratt's Wharves.

Commodore McCahill is now general manager for Spratt's wharf and the the property adjoining it. The C.P.N. and Albion Iron Works companies' leases have lapsed, and Mr. McCahill is managing the wharves for the Spratt estate.

Unsightly Verandahs.

City Assessor Northcott has already succeeded in having a number of the dangerous and unsightly verandahs around the city removed, but he has by no means finished this work. A number of owners have been ordered to have their verandahs torn down and other notifications are now on the way to other owners.

Building Operations.

One of the busiest city officers is Assessor Northcott. Among his present duties is that of visiting the different portions of the city and taking a valuation of the improvements that are being made. He reports that the fine weather has given an impetus to building operations, and many residences are being built. Among the new houses upon which work has been recently started are two on Oak Bay avenue, one Richmond avenue, two Edmonton road, two Menzies street, one James street, one Saanich road, one Henry street, one South street and one on Alfred street.

Pushing the Bridge Bonus.

Mayor Curtis, Alderman Herring, of Westminster, and President Trapp, of the Westminster Board of Trade, arrived from the Mainland last night. They are in Victoria to again interview the Government with the hope of securing a $250,000 bonus towards the construction of a railway and traffic bridge over the Fraser river. President Trapp says: "We shall see all the members of the Government this afternoon and hope to secure the promise of a bonus. The Great Northern and the Northern Pacific will cross the bridge. The crossing will be made opposite the crescent and the station will be on the Indian camping grounds near the crescent. The railway line will run alongside the Canadian Pacific Railway line to the junction of Columbia and Front streets, thence along the Brunette river and by way of Burnaby Lake will enter Vancouver.

The Danube Goes North.

S.S. Danube will leave late to-night for northern coast ports, carrying a heavy freight of cannery supplies consisting of over 5000 cases of tin-plate and other heavy articles for the next year's pack of salmon. The burning down of the Inverness cannery recently will furnish quite a large item of the Danube's freight for several trips to come, as all the material necessary for the rebuilding of the same will have to be shipped there from Victoria, and this cannery being about the largest on the coast it will require several hundred thousand feet of timber, as well as fishing boats, nets, etc., etc., to replace the burned one. The first lot of heavy timber for foundations, etc., consisting of 12-inch square timber, is going up this trip. The Danube's passenger list will also be heavy, some of the managers of northern canneries proceeding to their scene of operations, among whom will be Mr. Stapleton and T. H. Robinson of Inverness. Mr. and Mrs. Conyers, of Balmoral, Miss Stapleton and Miss Nightingale, Capt. Welch of Georgetown, and Mr. Grive of Gardiner's Gulch, and a number of others, besides 125 Chinese.

No Signs of Settlement.

The steamer J. R. McDonald matter is still a long way from settlement. Capt. Clarke and Capt. Buckman made an appraisement on the steamer for Capt. Frank Worth and the wrecking people. They placed the steamer's value at $1000. Capt. Frank Worth then offered bonds to that amount to the tug boat Alert managers, but they declined to receive it, asking a bond of $5000. Thus the matter stands. Chas. H. Pennington, manager of the company which owned the McDonald, left for the other side last evening, expressing the determination to lay the whole matter before his government and proposing that Washington and Ottawa shall settle it. This he does, not in the spirit of making trouble for anyone, but simply because he believes it will bring matters to a settlement more quickly and cheaply. The Mascotte came in last night with the boiler of the McDonald.

The burned steamer J. R. McDonald was inspected yesterday by Capt. W. J. Bryant, U.S. inspector of hulls for the Puget Sound district. It was an official visit as all such casualties are investigated.

A SYNDICATE BUSTED

By the Bad Judgment of One of its Members and a Stick of Dynamite.

Ten days ago the people of Kalso were all more or less exercised over an ice supply, and several syndicates were formed to put up that very necessary article. One of the syndicates was made up of Archie Fletcher, Mike Mahoney, and Billy Perdue. Archie and Mike wanted the ice to concoct mint juleps and strained whiskey toddies next summer, and Billy wanted it to preserve tenderloin beef steaks imported from Kettle river.

They agreed to do all the work themselves, all being able-bodied, vigorous men. On taking a careful survey of the ground, they decided to build the ice-house in the rear of Wilson & Perdue's meat market. The ground was good enough, but like all ground in Kaslo it was full of stumps, and before the ice-house could be built two large stumps had to be removed. By the time they had one grubbed out they were revolving in their minds plans by which the other could be removed without the expenditure of so much elbow grease.

One of the three suggested blowing it out with dynamite, and the suggestion was agreed to by the other two. Neither of the three knew much about how it could be done, and the calling in of expert assistance would be a violation of the syndicate's articles of copartnership. Archie said two sticks of good fresh No. 1 would do the business up brown; Mike thought one stick of that strength would be enough; Billy timidly suggested that half a stick of No. 2 would blow the stump into the lake. They finally compromised on one stick. A hole was dug under the stump and the stick of dynamite properly inserted. A fuse was lighted, and when the syndicate picked themselves up they found half of that stump in Giles' real estate office on Front street and the other half in the kitchen of a private residence on Avenue B. The owner of the residence has brought suit for damages. The syndicate has now only one member—the one that favored using two sticks of dynamite.—Nelson Tribune.

Good Templars Meeting.

Victoria West Lodge I.O.G.T., meets to-night. The lodge gives a cordial invitation to all as it will be an open meeting and especially desire to see a good number present. Special pains have been taken to make the meeting pleasant and a good programme will be provided.

Fort Sheppard

The City of Kootenay Land and Improvement Company, Limited, will open an office at 26 Fort street, in the Five Sisters block, on the 1st of March, next, when a limited number of lots in the town of Fort Sheppard will be offered for sale. *

Betting on Their Catches.

The sealing men are indulging in a little sport on the prospective catches of their schooners. Captain Urquhart will wear a $5 hat if the Penelope does better than the Favorite. Many other wagers of a like nature have been made.

The Last Sealers Leaving.

The sealing schooner Walter L. Rich pulled down from above the bridge to-day and will go to sea probably in the morning. Captain Balcom is in command; he cleared at the custom house to-day. The San Jose will get away next week, as will the Oscar and Hattie.

Presented With White Kids.

Magistrate Macrae was presented with a pair of white "kids" this morning. The presentation was made by Clerk of the Police Court Dowler. The occasion was the first time that there were no cases in the police court since the present magistrate has sat on the bench. Magistrate Macrae fittingly replied to the presentation and the court was adjourned.

Parisian Fagins.

In Paris there still exist schools of crime such as that conducted by Fagin, and the dummy figures with bells, from the pockets of which the young pupils have to steal handkerchiefs and purses without making a noise of ringing, are still in use. A young pickpocket, who aroused suspicion because he was spending money very freely, and who was found to have recently stolen a purse containing 60 francs from a lady in an omnibus, has been interviewed on the subject in the prison of La Petite Roquette. This precious young rascal described how his father had carefully taught him to pick ladies' pockets. "I only pick ladies' pockets," he said. "That is easier than picking men's. With gentlemen it is much more difficult to do the trick without their feeling your hand on them." His "papa" and he, he said, used to travel together in the omnibuses from the Palais Royal to the Bastile. That was not so good a "pick," he explained, as the omnibuses from the Madelaine to the Bastile, but these latter were already worked by "Old Mother G." who, it seems, claimed, and successfully asserted, exclusive privileges with regard to the portable property of passengers on that route. The interviewer, after leaving the lad, found himself minus a handkerchief and a half-penny, which he had purposely left in his tail pocket as an experiment to see whether he could be relieved of them without his knowledge. —London Daily News.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads color labels, etc., etc., go to to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office. *

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Snow! Slush! Cough! LANGLEY'S Balsam of Aniseed! Cured!

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

The Dispute Between Pastor and People Brought Before the Presbytery.

Reference to the Synod—General Business at the Presbytery Meeting.

The Presbytery of Vancouver Island met in St. Andrew's church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Moderator P. McF. Macleod presided. The ministers and elders present were: Rev. D. MacRae, Victoria West; Rev. Alexander Young, Wellington; Rev. R. J. Adamson, Alberni; Rev. A. B. Winchester, and Rev. John Campbell, Victoria; Rev. W. S. Smith, Northfield; Rev. Alexander Fraser, Comox; Mr. Alexander Shaw and Dr. G. L. Milne, M. P. P. A number of the congregation were also present.

It was decided to separate Victoria West and Cedar Hill, which are now under the same postorate. The change will take effect April 1. Rev. D. MacRae will be continued with Victoria West as resident clergyman. The residents of Victoria West reported to the committee appointed to enquire into the matter that they were confident of raising $1000 annually towards the supply of pastor and church. The matter of supplying Cedar Hill was left to the Home Mission Board.

The meeting decided to separate Comox and Union. Rev. Mr. Fraser will be considered in charge of Comox and a grant of $300 will be asked for. Union will be in the charge of an ordained missionary and a grant of $400 asked for. Mr. Fraser was granted $100 in compensation for the temporary closing of Union mines.

Wellington will continue in the charge of Mr. Young. Four hundred dollars asked. A student will supply the pulpit at Northfield. Grant $4 a Sabbath. Rev. Mr. Adamson will continue at Alberni. To the home mission committee was left the question of the supply of Sooke and Metchosin.

A resolution of regret at the illness of the father of the Rev. D. MacRae of Nanaimo was passed, and the presbytery adjourned.

In the evening the report on the state of religion was read. The report contained an allusion to celestials which some at the meeting thought inappropriate. It was expunged and the report passed.

Rev. Dr. Campbell's Sabbath school report placed the number of Sabbath school pupils at 1231; total average, 910; total number of teachers, 109; total number of schools, 14; total amount raised per annum, $1347. The commitee recommended that more prominence be given to temperance in Sunday schools, and that the church pay all expenses of the schools so that the contributions be given to the mission work.

Report adopted.

The "Sabbath observance" report was presented by Rev. Mr. Winchester. The report stated that there was a marked improvement in Sabbath observance due to the Sunday Closing Act. The report was adopted and the meeting adjourned.

The difficulty between the Rev. P. McF. Macleod and the congregation of St. Andrew's church was brought up in Presbytery this morning. A petition signed by ten members of St. Andrew's congregation, asking for an enquiry was presented through the session. Following is the petition:—

The petition asking for an enquiry into the difficulty between the Rev. P. McF. Macleod and his congregation is in substance:

That differences have existed between the pastor and the members of the congregation which recently led to the resignation of two-thirds of the session and the entire managing board. That such differences affect the usefulness of the pastor and office bearers of the church, injure the congregation and bring discredit upon the Presbyterian church.

That there is little prospect of these difficulties being removed.

That at the annual meeting of the congregation held on the 23rd of January, the following amendment in the managers' report was submitted and carried: "As this evidence from the financial report submitted that there were yearly shortages, and for the purpose of making the revenue meet the expenditure it was resolved that the pastor's stipend be $3000.

Sunday, Jan. 26, an announcement was made from the pulpit that it was not within the power of a congregation to lower the salary of a minister without his consent or without consent of Presbytery, the motion to that effect being *ultra vires*. The motion was sprung upon the meeting without notice having been given, the managers call a special meeting of the congregation for Monday, January 30th, to deal with the matter.

At this meeting the foregoing call as a preamble and the following resolution taken together, were submitted to the meeting:

"Therefore be it resolved that the aforesaid be expunged from the minutes, that the thanks of the congregation be tendered to Mr. Macleod for his offer to accept $3000 as his salary" an amendment in effect endorsing the action of the annual meeting of Jan. 23, was put. T. M. Henderson, A. Carmichael, Thomas Brydon and R. B. McMicking were suggested a committee to notify the presbytery. The amendment was ruled out of order on the ground of the reference to the presbytery, and an amendment with the reference to the presbytery left out was put and also declared out of order.

The original resolution was then submitted and rejected, thus confirming the action of the annual congregational meeting. In consequence of the foregoing the undersigned respectfully request your honorable body to make investigation into the difficulties between the pastor and the congregation with a view to their removal. Signed by R. B. McMicking, T. M. Henderson, J. Roderick Robertson, C. G. Ballentyne, A. Maxwell Muir, A. Carmichael, J. Hutcheson, Thos. A. Brydon, J. A. Thompson, Cornelius J. Saule.

The following counter petition was presented by the session:—

TO THE PRESBYTERY OF VANCOUVER ISLAND.—

The session of St. Andrew's Church beg leave respectfully to petition the Presbytery to dismiss the petition presented by ten members of St. Andrew's congregation asking for an investigasion; for the following among other reasons:—

1. That the petitioners set forth that they are acting on behalf of their fellow members, whereas no meeting of the congregation has delegated to them such authority and we have good reason to believe the majority of the congregation have no sympathy with them in the course they are pursuing.

2. That the petitioners claim "that for some time past differences have existed between the pastor and the members of the congregation, which led recently to the resignation of two-thirds of the leaders and the whole of the managers.'"

This statement is wholly at variance with the facts, as recorded in the minutes of the various meetings now produced, of which the following is a summary:

On the 7th of October last the board of management passed a resolution determining to change the method of paying the minister's salary. The pastor denied the power of the board to interfere with his salary. On the following week the managers determined to submit the subject in dispute to a congregational meeting, and in the Colonist newspaper it was reported that at that meeting reference had been made to a petition which was in circulation for a change of pastor, and while members of the board individually denied that any such subject has been mentioned, Mr. F. Bennett the secretary of the managers stated subsequently at a congregational meeting that he did not correct the report in the Colonist because he was informed by a manager that there was such a petition in existance.

The pastor in view of the above facts felt it needful to vindicate himself before the congregation, and immediately after his doing so a request was made to the session to call a meeting of the congregation to consider the charges made by the pastor in his public utterances from the pulpit on the morning of Sabbath the 16th inst., and of deciding as to the continuance of the existing relations between the board of managers and the pastor.

Though the session might have refused this request on the ground that the utterances of the pastor from the pulpit could only be dealt with by the Presbytery. No obstacle was put in the way of the meeting being held. Accordingly on the 24th of October a special meeting of the congregation was held. The managers presented their case, the pastor was heard on his own behalf, and a motion sustaining the managers was rejected by a vote of 82 to 64. The managers interpreted this vote as one of want of confidence, and accordingly requested the calling of another meeting to receive their resignation and appoint their successors. On the 31st October this meeting was held, the resignations accepted by a unanimous vote and a new board elected, who were in sympathy with the pastor and the majority of the congregation. The managers resigned because the congregation sustained the pastor and the present session and 14 out of the 16 managers recently elected are heartily in sympathy with the pastor and the majority of the congregation. It is obvious, therefore, that the resignations were not tendered because of differences between the pastor and the congregation but because the congregation sustained the pastor.

3. The petitioners state "that such differences affect the usefulness of the pastor, session and office bearers of the church, injure the temporal interests of the congregation, prevent the spiritual growth of the people and bring discredit upon the Presbyterian Church in Canada." The session simply repeat that no differences now exist between the pastor and the office bearers of the church, that no injury is being done to the temporal interests of the congregation but by the withdrawal of contributions on the part of a few. While the session regrets exceedingly that injury has been done to the spiritual life of the church and discredit has been cast upon the Presbyterian Church in Canada they very willingly leave to the judgment of the Presbytery the decision as to who are responsible for the bringing about, and the continuing of these sad results.

4. The session called special attention to the following statement "that such differences are being continued and there appears to be little prospect of the same being removed." We submit that we have already pointed out that these ten petitioners do not represent the congregation nominally or really, therefore the above statement clearly implies where the responsibility for the continuance of these differences is to be placed. The session on their part are studying the things which make for peace.

5. The session will call attention to the statement of the petitioners that the attendanc at the annual meeting was unusually large. The presbytery are aware that annual meetings are not usually largely attended and there seemed to be a reason for an increased attendance on the occasion referred to; although the pastor, the session and the managers and the loyal members of the church were wholly unaware that anything but ordinary business was to come before the meeting. Further, the meeting called by the session for the following week was held upon a night of such intense cold and such deep snow-fall that very many supposed the meeting would be postponed, so that neither of these meetings were fairly representative of the real mind of the congregation. The vote on the night of the congregational meeting stood 75 for McMicking's resolution reduring the pastor's salary to $2000 and 51 against. At the following meeting the vote was 61 for Dr. Milne's motion declaring Mr. McMicking's motion illegal and 68 against. Whereas, the motion at the meeting on October 24th, sustaining the pastor, was 82 to 64. Taking the above facts into consideration the session deemed it expedient to ascertain the mind of the people in such a way as would show them the support they might look for in carrying on the work of the church, and accordingly they issued the following circular letter addressed to all the members and adherents of the congregation;

Here follows the voting circular which has already appeared in the TIMES.

The Session are aware that some loyal members of the congregation have not answered the letter through a misapprehension of what might be involved in doing so, but, notwithstanding, up to this date 150 affirmative answers have been received, many of them expressed in the warmest terms promising to support the pastor and office bearers; more of these answers may yet be received as some of them are out of town or otherwise have not yet had the opportunity to send their answers, and only six negative answers have so far come to hand. The highest vote the petitioners have been able to secure has been 75, the numbers present at the three large congregational meetings, were: October 24th, 146; January 23rd, 126; January 31st, 129. The vote at all those meetings was by ballot and stress was laid upon the necessity of adopting that method of secret voting. Now the session have the signatures of 150 members and adherents who are loyal to the pastor and satisfied with his action as to his salary, and tney have great pleasure in assuring the Presbytery that there is not the slightest danger of the future of the congregation, even supposing the petitioners and those who agree with them should withdraw all financial support.

6. With regard to the resolutions passed at the two congregational meetings, the session refer them to the judgment of the Presbytery in the papers herewith forwarded.

The Presbytery will see the fallacy which runs through the petition and is boldly expressed in the closing words, "the differences existing between the pastor and congregation." The assumption is either that these ten men are the congregation or have been authorized to appear before the Presbytery on its behalf. Whereas they possess no such commission: Only one of their number holds office in the church, and to grant the prayer of their petition would be to set a most dangerous precedent and to effectually destroy the prospects of a peaceful solution of the present difficulties. The session then would urge that the petition be dismissed.

And as in duty bound they will ever pray, etc.

(Signed) P. McF. MACLEOD, Moderator.
J. FINLAYSON, Session Clerk.
A. B. WINCHESTER.
G. L. MILNE.
J. T. BETHUNE.

The counter petition had appended a reference. The question of reference was whether a congregation has power to reduce a minister's stipend. The was some discussion on the subject. On motion of Rev. Mr. Young, seconded by Clerk of Presbytery MacRae, the matter was referred in its entirety to the Synod. It is probable that it will be discussed at the session of that body to-morrow morning.

The Synod opens in the First Presbyterian church this evening. Retiring Moderator MacRae will preach. There will be service and standing committees appointed.

Fort Sheppard.

D. C. Corbin, president of the Spokane & Northern railroad, returned from New York on the 25th inst., where he has been for three months. He stated that his road will positively be extended from Fort Sheppard at the mouth of the Pen D'Orielle river to Nelson, B. C. A steel bridge 550 feet long is to be built over the Pen D'Orielle at Fort Sheppard. The contract has been let to the Toronto Bridge company.

In Chambers,

(Before Hon. Mr. Justice Crease.)

Vowell vs. W. N. Bole vs. New Westminster Southern Railway—Application of plaintiff for an order to fix the day of trail for Monday, March 20th, before a judge without a jury. Application adjourned to be brought up by either party after Mr. Corbould's return.

Wilson vs. Perrin—Application of plaintiff for an order to fix date of trial for Monday, March 13th, before a judge and common jury. Granted.

Lorimer vs. Jensen—Application of defendant to dismiss action for want of prosecution. Adjourned till to-morrow.

134

Marked up over the door on Douglas street; that's Russell, McDonald & Co.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

5 CENTS EACH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF

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Riding Habits, Ladies' Cloaks, Costumes, Waists, Skirts, Blouses, Etc., Misses and Childrens' Cloaks, and Dresses, Ladies' and Childrens' Underwear, Men's and Boy's Clothing, Underwear of all descriptions, Baby Linen.

These Patterns are worth from 15c. to 50c. each,

And will be sold at the above nominal figures for TWO WEEKS. Any unsold at that date will be destroyed to make way for new stock now on the way. At

Spencer's Arcade,
Government Street.

RUSSIAN FARMING.

Primitive Methods in Vogue Among the Peasants.

A correspondent of Selskiyi Viedomosi from the government of Viataka gives what that paper calls "an interesting description" of the manner in which the peasants of his locality plowed their fields last spring and autumn. "In our region," the correspondent says, "the ground is turned up with a plow only once in the season, and always with the archaic pickax plow (an implement seen only in Russia). For want of horses the peasants draw the plow themselves by the following contrivance: Between the thills, in the place where the hind legs of the horse are to go, a common cart wheel is fixed to mark the track for the plow and to keep the thills from falling to the ground. In the place where the fore legs of the horse are to go a man is hitched, so that while he helps pulling the plow he holds the ends of the thills with his hands to keep them steady that they should not dangle sideways. To the hook of the plow, above the ground, a rope is attached, from which four lines with loops are drawn. These are the pulling lines, which the men take over their shoulders. Another peasant walks behind the plow, pressing it down in the usual way. Six persons are required to pull one plow, but when the ground is hard one more person is needed to help push it from behind. Men and women together worked at their plows in this manner last spring and autumn.

"The harrow was eastly drawn by four persons. All that can be said against this arrangement is that the men must take a rest oftener than the horse when hitched to the plow. This retards the work." If this description is "interesting," as the Selskiyi Viedomosti says, the remarks which the editor makes on it are curious in the extreme. He does not see by this report the extremes to which the peasants are reduced by poverty, but he draws from it the edifying conclussions that "the tiller of the soil can always find ways and means to help himself in trouble; that this inhuman toil of the peasants must develop in them a sense of mutual dependence and social virtues" Finally, he makes the wise suggestions that the government need not make any great sacrifices to help the peasants keep their working cattle, since these peasants are able to help themselves so nicely if they have no oxen or horses to draw their plows.

Carnivorous Magpies.

A. C. Holland, while out hunting, struck a locality long on birds of the magpie species. The air was black with them. The limbs of trees groaned beneath their weight. The reverberations of their wings were like thunder. While surrounded by this multitudinous ornithic display, Mr. Holland espied a buck a couple of hundred yards away across a small ravine. Holland's enthusiasm as a sportsman was not daunted by the presence of an excessive supply of birds, and with the promptness of thought his weapon was up and the deer down. Only those who have experienced the lively sensation that gallops through the system of a lover of the chase when success follows a shot, can understand the rapidity with which Mr. Holland covered the distance separating him from his victim. As he reached the ridge upon which the buck stood, his ears were greeted with a thunderous clashing of wings, and on reaching the spot he was almost paralyzed with astonishment upon discovering the occasion of the tremendous flight of birds. Nothing was left of the buck but the horns and bones. The carnivorous magpies had devoured the animal in the brief space of time required to cross the ravine. Not being out for the purpose of replenishing the larder of the magpie family, and fearing the taste of meat might arouse a desire to sample human flesh, Mr. Holland turned his footsteps toward camp and made pretty quick time getting in.—Waterville correspondence Spokane Review.

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French kid button boots, $1.50.

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TEAPOTS
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WE have just opened and have now on view in our south window the finest selection of ENGLISH JET TEA POTS that has ever been shown in this Province

For durability and appearance this is the only first-class Tea Pot to use.

This Special Sale of this line enables you to procure a high class article at a very low cost.

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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going F--ward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

THE RING.

THE BATTLES OF THE EIGHTH.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—Among other arrivals to-day were Phil Dwyer and Pat Sheedy. They came direct from Hot Springs, and with them "Dave" Gideon, prominent in eastern turf circles, and E. Kearney. They are here to attend the fight on the 8th, and will remain until March 10th. Dwyer states that while interest in the present battles is not so great in the east as it was in the Corbett-Sullivan match, still Boston, New York and the east generally would be represented, especially on the occasion of the Hall-Fitzsimmons "mill." Dwyer said he believed Mitchell and Corbett are in earnest in their talk about fighting, and that the battle will be brought off, and that as matters have recently been shaping themselves, one of the New Orleans clubs will probably get the "plum." Bat Masterson arrived from Denver yesterday. Speaking of Smith he said that while he is both strong and clever, he believes him to be faint-hearted, and that a streak of yellow in his make-up will crop out early in the action. He considers Goddard the surest of sure winners, and in a very few rounds.

MAHER DEFEATS NEEDHAM.

BUTTE, Mont., March 1.—Twelve hundred people witnessed the fight between A. Maher, the Australian welter weight, and Dannie Needham, of St. Paul, before Butte Athletic last evening. The men fought at 148 pounds and were in good condition. Duncan McDonald, of Helena, was referee. In the second round Needham knocked Maher down with a terrific left-hand blow on the face. The next six rounds were devoid of incident, but in the following Maher gave Needham several uppercuts and the latter had to clinch to save himself. In the twenty-fifth round both men appeared fresh. In the twenty-seventh Maher caught a left swing on the face and went down. The fighting from this time on was in the Australian's favor. He possessed a faculty for delivering hard blows on the breast; in this manner he made it unpleasant for his opponent. In the 34th round Needham received more severe punches about the face, and first blood made its appearance from a cut lip. His left eye was closed yet he continued the battle. In the next round Needham received a terrific upper-cut and went down and the referee awarded the fight to Maher, saying that Needham would fight till he died. The fight lasted two hours and twenty minutes. Maher is not badly hurt, having only a badly swollen eye. The fight was for a purse of $1550.

REED WANTS TO FIGHT.

George Reed, the middleweight pugilist, says he can get any amount of money to wager that he can stop Quilligan in shorter time than it took Quilligan to stop Reed the last time they met.

DONE WITH PRIZE FIGHTING.

Prof. Robert Foster states that he does not intend to take the slightest notice of any challenges from tramp or other prize fighters, whether issued through the columns of the morning paper or sent directly. He says he is now a citizen of Victoria, has settled down here to make it his home and he desires to be let alone. Prof. Foster intends to teach boxing, but will have nothing to do with the people who frequent the prize ring.

FOOTBALL.

OPPIDANS V. MASTER'S HOUSE.

Master's House and the Oppidans of Corrig College play a Rugby match at Beacon Hill this afternoon. Teams:—

Master's House—R. Selkirk, C. Cartwright, A. Field, F. Provost, F. Mitten, H. Nesbitt, R. Goodacre, P. Goepel, A. Brownlee, J. Hayward and S. Goodacre.

Oppidans—R. Wilson, G. Wilson, F. Norris, H. Erb, J. Rithet, A. Kitto, H. Lawson, P. Higgins, G. Kitto, A. Goward and H. Wilson.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE NEW CLUB HOUSE.

The plans for the new building of the Lawn Tennis Club show a tea room on the ground floor and dressing and bath rooms above. There will be wide verandahs above and below. The court will be thoroughly drained and ready for play about the middle of May.

WHEELING.

GENERAL MEETING.

The annual general meeting of the Wanderers' Bicycle Club will be held on Tuesday. The question of securing a racing track will be considered.

YACHTING.

CLUB RULES.

The rules of the Victoria Yacht Club are being printed. They are similar to the rules of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club of Toronto.

Police Returns.

The city police returns show the following registrations at the lockup during February: Drunks 18, larceny 10, assault 3, malicious damage to property 1, carrying concealed weapons 1, for lodgings 2, in possession of stolen property 2, burglary 1, for safe keeping 2, in possession of intoxicants 1, aggravated assault 3, obscene language 1, uttering counterfeit money 1, infraction of city by-laws 23, and obtaining goods by false pretences 1.

The provincial jail returns are in abstract as follows:

Daily average number of prisoners	30
Received during the month	17
Discharged during the month	8
Highest number in one day	43
Remaining in custody	43

Adulteration of Food.

A TIMES reporter has heard at intervals lately complaints about adulterated milk from persons living in different parts of the city. Some of the complainants state that the milk they receive is very heavily watered and scarcely fit for use as milk. As the health of many infants and young persons largely depends upon the milk they drink the adulteration of this staple article of food is a particularly odious offence. The authorities in eastern and English cities take this view of the crime of adulterating foods, especially milk, and severe penalties are imposed. New Westminster city council is about to protect the interest of the citizens by purchasing a milk tester and subjecting all milk sold to the public there to a rigid examination. There is no better test of milk, where water adulteration is suspected, than the old darning needle one. Dip the needle into the milk and if the fluid is free from water no milk will drop from the needle. If, on the contrary, the steel retains only a little of the fluid, the rest dripping from the point, an instant change of milkman is recommended, as the needle has proved you to be the victim of petty rascality.

BEHRING SEA PATROL.

Scarcity of United States Warships—Victoria Sealers Will Avoid the Sea.

The U. S. government is at sea as to how Behring Sea is going to be guarded this year. That a fleet of vessels will be necessary for this purpose, there is no doubt, as the modus vivendi continues in force until next October, and there is little expectation that the arbitrators will reach an agreement before the season opens. Where the vessels are coming from is an embarrassing problem to solve. The revenue marine service has only three vessels on the Pacific coast, and one of them must be used for the annual cruise to Point Barlow. The navy has the Boston, the Ranger, the Alliance, the Mohican and the Thetis on the Pacific coast, but several of these will be needed at Hawaii and Samoa, and it is doubtful whether the Alliance and the Thetis are sufficiently sea worthy for a voyage in the rough waters of Behring Sea. The fish commission steamer Albatross might be used again as she was last year, but this with the two revenue cutters, would provide a fleet of only three vessels, as against six last year. The only way to meet the emergency is to send some of the new ships from the Atlantic stations, but if the vessels are sent from this coast they will have to be ordered before the naval review takes place to reach the North Pacific in time for the sealing season.

The United States Government has little need to worry over guarding Behring Sea as far as Victoria sealers are concerned. They will give it a very wide berth, not because they fear seizure, but because they are in accord with what the Home Government is doing, and do not want to prejudice the cause in any way whatever. Speaking about the matter this morning, Captain Hackett who is heavily interested in the industry said:

"They need not police Behring Sea this year for we will not enter it. The Victoria sealers understand that the question must be settled in the manner in which the two Governments are proceeding, and you can rest assured that we are not going to injure the good cause of our Government by any such indiscretion. The coast vessels will work as far north as Sand Point and the disputed waters will be carefully avoided. It would look especially bad while the arbitration board is in session, and would do our side great injury. No, they do no need to even put their revenue cutters up there for we will cut out no work for them."

The sea will no doubt be policed this year, but not as rigidly as last year. San Francisco has a couple of crafts which will be carefully watched this year. Some speculation is being indulged in as to the British gunboats that will do duty in the sea this year. It is expected that at least two will be sent north, but it is impossible to conjecture which will be sent. It has been suggerted here that if the Americans are unable to get suitable boats to the sea in season this year they request the British warships to do the work.

The Atlantic Sea Bed.

Proceeding westward from the Irish coast the ocean bed deepens very gradually; in fact for the first 230 miles the gradient is but 6 feet to the mile. In the next 20 miles, however, the fall is over 9000 feet, and so precipitous is the sudden descent that in many places depths of 1200 to 1600 fathoms are encountered in very close proximity to the 100 fathom line. With the depth of 1800 to 2000 fathoms the sea bed in this part of the Atlantic becomes a slightly undulating plain, whose gradients are so light that they show but little alteration of depth for 1200 miles. The extraordinary flatness of these submarine prairies renders the familiar simile of the basin rather inappropriate. The hollow of the Atlantic is not strictly a basin, whose depth increases regularly towards the center; it is rather a saucer or dish like one, so even is the contour of its bed.

The greatest depth in the Atlantic has been found some 100 miles to the northward of the island of St. Thomas, where soundings of 3,875 fathoms were obtained. The seas round Great Britain can hardly be regarded as forming part of the Atlantic hollow. They are rather a part of the platform banks of the European continent which the ocean has overflowed. An elevation of the sea bed 100 fathoms would suffice to lay bare the greatest part of the North Sea and join England to Denmark, Holland, Belgium and France. A deep channel of water would run down the west coast of Norway, and with this the majority of the fiords would be connected. A great part of the Bay of Biscay would disappear; but Spain and Portugal are but little removed from Atlantic depression. The 100 fathom line approaches very near the west coast, and soundings of 1,000 fathoms can be made within 20 miles of Cape St. Vincent, and much greater depths have been sounded at distances but little greater than this from the western shores of the Iberian peninsula.—Nautical Magazine.

Beauty Spot Producers.

It is not an uncommon sight, particularly in the centre of town, to see a big plaster of soot on some lady's face or a gentleman's for that matter. In fact "black snow flakes" are almost constantly flying about. Several chimneys in the business district all furnish their share. It is an abominable nuisance and cries to the board of aldermen for vengeance.

At Russell, McDonald's

The Douglas street store, although loaded with bargains, they rustle for more.

Tenders Called For.

Messrs. Soule & Kay, architects, are calling for tenders for the erection of the Point Comfort Hotel on Mayne Island for W. H. Mawdesley.

Now your blood should be purified. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best spring medicine and blood purifier.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN, CURES

RHEUMATISM,

Backache, Sciatica, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Frost-Bites,

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Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up a office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

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the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. FLINTSHIRE, February 10th

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
Empress of China..	Feb. 15, 1893	Mar. 6, 1893
Empress of India..	Mar. 15, "	Apr. 3, "
Empress of Japan..	Apr. 12, "	Apr. 24, "
Empress of China..	May 3, "	May 15, "
Empress of India..	May 24, "	June 5, "
Empress of Japan..	June 14, "	June 26, "
Empress of China..	July 5, "	July 17, "
Empress of India..	July 26, "	Aug. 7, "
Empress of Japan	Aug. 16, "	Aug. 28, "
Empress of China..	Sept. 6, "	Sept. 18, "
Empress of India	Sept. 27, "	Oct. 16, "
Empress of Japan..	Oct. 25, "	Nov. 13, "
Empress of China..	Nov. 22, "	Dec. 11, "

And about every month thereafter.

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails require a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after August 23rd, 1892,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave	Victoria	Tuesday 5 a.m.
"	Nanaimo for Comox	Wednesday, 7 a.m.
"	Comox for Valdes Island	Thursday, 7 a.m.
	Returning same day.	
"	Comox for Nanaimo	Friday, 7 a.m.
"	Nanaimo for Victoria	Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

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S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, March 15, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda..............FRIDAY, March 31st, 1893 3 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

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PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

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Walla Walla - - - - - Feb. 5

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CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 17,

Taking effect April 1, 1892

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND, READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	Miles from Wellington.	BOUND SOUTH, READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.
De. 8:00 A M	De. 2:30 P M		VICTORIA	78	Ar. 12:24 P M	Ar. 5:58 P M
" 8:04	" 2:34	1	RUSSELL'S	77	" 12:20	" 5:54
" 8:14	" 2:46	4	ESQUIMALT	74	" 12:10	" 5:44
" 8:39	" 3:09	11	GOLDSTREAM	67	" 11:45 A M	" 5:19
" 9:14	" 3:38	20	SUMMIT SIDING	58	" 11:10	" 4:50
" 9:34	" 4:04	26	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	52	" 10:50	" 4:21
" 9:44	" 4:14	31	COBBLE HILL	47	" 10:40	" 4:14
" 9:57	" 4:29	35	McPHERSON'S	43	10:27	" 3:53
" 10:07	" 4:39	38	KOKSILAH	40	10:17	" 3:49
" 10:12	" 4:44	40	DUNCAN'S	38	10:12	" 3:44
" 10:22	" 4:54	43	SOMENOS	35	10:02	" 3:34
" 10:48	" 5:16	52	CHEMAINUS	26	9:30	" 3:12
" 11:09	" 5:33	59	OYSTER BAY SID'G	19	9:15	" 2:56
Ar. 11:50	6:14	73	NANAIMO	6	8:34	
De. 11:59					8:25	" 2:14
Ar. 12:14 P M	A. 6:29		WELLINGTON		A. 8:10	De. 1:59

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

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Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

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Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED	Victoria Route.	TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	1117

8 00 am	Lv	Mi	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria†...	Mi	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.

S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	Mi	..‡†Tacoma...	132	Ar	1 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	....Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	55	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	..Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	...Sehome...	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom..	Mi	Lv	6 00 am

‡Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	Mi			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	9 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	.. Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	Mi	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.

† Daily except Saturday.

‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent Victoria B. C

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass' Agent, 121 First St. cor Washington, Portland Or

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION!

Salvage from Schooner J. C. Ford.

Wednesday, 8th March, at 2 p. m.

On account of whom it may concern:

I have been instructed to sell at the Outer Wharf, Victoria, all the property salvaged from above schooner, viz., 6 sails, running gear, blocks, 3 hawsers (4, 6 and 7 inch) and sundry other articles.

GEO. BYRNES,
Auctioneer.

fe27

A Novel Method of Voting.

In a number of the towns of the state of New York, says Harper's Weekly, when the spring elections are held this year, there will be a very novel scene. Each voter will walk into a little room with walls of sheet-iron, will see before him a neat array of brigat knobs—to each of which is attached the name of a candidate for office, the whole number including all the names placed in nomination—will push in the knob for every name he wishes to vote, and will pass out, having taken, according to the experiment in Lockport last year, less than 40 seconds. By the machinery thus employed every vote is securely and secretly recorded, and every voter can cast one vote, and not more, for one candidate for each office. There is no printing of ballots required, there is no chance of misprinted names, or of miscounting, accidental or intended, or of changing the returns. The election held in Lockport in the spring of 1892 was very favorably reported on by those who watched it, and the like elections this year will be closely studied. If the machinery does in all the places what it did in Lockport, it would seem that the ingenuity of the Yankee inventor had settled the vexed question of ballot reform, and by a voting-machine had destroyed much of the viciousness of machine-voting. The Australian system can at best only secure secrecy where the voter is bent on having it, but this machine seems to compel secrecy, and to make the various phases of electoral crime and abuse physical impossibilities. The saving of money is said to be very great, but thus saving in political demoralization and corruption must be, if the machine works uniformly and continuously well, simply incalculable.

WILL UR PEOPLE

Take the Advice of Medical Experts?

LET US PREPARE

For Any Cholera Invasion!

THE PLAGUE MAY APPEAR

Early Next Summer!

Medical experts in every civilized country loudly proclaim that cleanliness and sound physical health are necessary to successfully resist the deadly onslaught of a cholera invasion.

Many close observers believe that cholera will appear in Canada during the coming summer. What are we doing for our protection? True, our authorities in some large cities are already on the move, and are trying to perfect quarantine arrangements.

The great work, however, mainly depends on individual effort. The best efforts for escaping cholera, must be made in the home. Those who are the first attacked are the weak, run-down, sickly and diseased. All who are physically unsound, fall quickly before a cholera scourge.

Men and women are reminded that there is no time to be lost. Action must be prompt, decided and careful; all doubtful and untried remedies should be avoided. In view of critical times, one special and well tried health restorer is strongly recommended; we refer to Paine's Celery Compound—a medicine that has never failed in restoring the weak, frail, debilitated and suffering. The use of Paine's Celery Compound means the building up of broken-down and shattered constitutions, brought on generally by overwork, sleeplessness, nervousness, dyspepsia and rheumatism. There is nothing else known to medical science that will put the health of men and women in more perfect condition, than this great remedy, Paine's Celery Compound. In every respect it is the medicine for resisting coming dangers.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—T W Fletcher, Lenz & Leiser, Collector of Inland Revenue, Henry Waller, S Hansen, J T Beck & Company, Shore & Anderson, Sam Reid, Gilmore & McCandless, Valo & Brooks, Hall & Company, Thomas Shotbolt, Cochrane & Munn, Hudson Bay Company, J A W, Dean & Cryderman, Turner Beeton & Company, Victoria Lithographing Company, J Grice & Company, J H Falconer, E G Prior, Simon Leiser, Hall Ross & Company, A F Webb, H Young & Company, H B Alkman David Spencer, W S Hampson, Langley & Company, Henry Saunders, Victoria Truck & Dray Company, Ames Holden & Company, Colbert and Warner, Cavin Bros, Fell and Company, G H Maynard, J Maynard, J H Baker, M R Smith, P McQuade, Singer Manufacturing Company, Spratt and Gray, Thomas Earle, Dominion Express Company.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—John Parker, Ellis and Company, Lenz and Leiser, E G Prior and Company, Mrs J Brown, Marvin and Tilton, J Johnston and Company, McLennan and McFeely, McMillan Brothers, McMand H, Mrs L E Potts, Hughitt and McIntyre, care L Marks, E G Prior and Company, Nicholles and Renouf, H Young and Company, Turner Beeton and Company, Dixi H Ross and Company, Alice and Ault, Valo and Brooks, J Earsman and Company.

New Prints! New Prints!

We are showing new designs that are so handsome and original that you can not fail to be well paid for the time and trouble expended in looking over such a complete and attractive line of spring novelties, and our prices are all that the closest buyer could desire. John Partridge, Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. *

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

The School Bill Passed Through the Committee Yesterday Afternoon.

Council of Public Instruction and Their Powers—The Health Bill.

TWENTIETH DAY.

TUESDAY, Feb. 28, 1893.

In the absence of the Speaker Mr. Martin took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Prayers by Rev. Canon Beanlands.

PETITIONS.

The petition of the corporation of Vancouver for leave to present a petition for a private bill to validate By-law No. 166 was read and received.

REPORTS.

Mr. Booth presented the report of the railway committee on the Lardeau and Kootenay railway.

QUESTIONS BY MEMBERS.

Mr. Semlin asked the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works:—(a.) Does the Government still own the machinery for artesian boring? (b.) Does the Government intend sinking artesian wells in the Spallumcheen or Okanagan country during the present year?

Hon. Mr. Vernon, answered yes, to question (a) and no, to question (b).

Mr. Brown asked the Minister of of Education if he intended to have the Public School Acts of 1891, 1892 and 1893, printed in consolidated form and issued as soon as possible to the school trustees and teachers as a departmental paper?

Hon. Mr. Baker answered that the usual course would be followed as to consolidation.

MUNICIPAL BILL.

Mr. Kitchen introduced a bill to amend the Municipal Act. It was read a first time.

THE SCHOOL BILL.

The House went into comittee Mr. Kellie in the chair, to consider the school bill.

Hon. Mr. Beaven introduced an amendment to provide that the election for trustees shall not take place at the same place as mayor, if the council wishes to change it. He explained that last year it was found that the polling place was too crowded when the elections took place at the same polling station.

Mr. Hunter thought this would lessen the interest in the election for trustees.

The amendment was adopted.

Dr. Milne introduced an amendment to the old act to provide that the Council of Public Instruction should not have the power to cancel teachers' certificates except in cases of immorality.

Hon. Mr. Baker said the amendment would take too much power out of the hands of the Council of Public Instruction and place it in the hands of the school trustees. It would upset the whole system of discipline in the schools.

Dr. Milne said his reason in wishing to strike out the words "for cause" was because they were too ambiguous. There were cases in the province where teachers were not fit to teach, but the Council of Public Instruction took no notice of these cases. Look at the case of Mr. J. P. McLeod. He was decapitated just because he pointed out some mistakes to the Council of Public Instruction. They took away a man's means of livelihood because he opposed the powers that be.

Mr. Semlin said the council of public instruction had cancelled the certificates of two teachers whom they had formerly commended. A man should not be deprived of his means of livelihood just because the council of public instruction thought he was impertinent.

Mr. McKenzie thought it was a surprising thing that a man's certificate should be cancelled because he was impertinent to public servants who are sometimes impertinent to the public. When he, Mr. McKenzie, was Superintendent of Education the council of public instruction got up a conspiracy among the teachers against him. He was charged by the council of public instruction with mismarking papers, but he did not do as the present department did, with the papers in the McLeod case. Mr. McLeod charged the department with mismarking papers, but instead of allowing those papers to be brought before the House, the department destroyed them. The papers that he, Mr. McKenzie, had been charged with mismarking were still in his possession and ready for inspection. Why did not the present department do the same with the papers in the McLeod case, instead of destroying them?

Hon. Mr. Davie had no doubt that both of the teachers whose certificates had been cancelled were very good men, but the Government could take no other course after the teachers had acted as they did.

Mr. Kitchen could not support the amendment, as it could not be supposed that the schools would always be in hands of those who would abuse the provisions of the clause.

The amendment was lost.

Dr. Milne introduced an amendment to strike out the clause providing that the council of public instruction can dismiss a teacher.

The amendment was defeated.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

HEALTH BILL.

The House went into committee, Mr. Grant in the chair, to consider the Health bill.

Mr. Brown introduced a resolution adding the rules and regulations in force in Ontario to the act, making those rules and regulations a by-law for the cities.

Hon. Mr. Davie said the Ontario rules and regulations were not applicable to this province.

Mr. Brown said he would support an amendment to add the provincial rules of 1892 to the bill if they were amended. He objected to the board of health being given power to legislate by passing rules and regulations whenever they pleased.

Mr. Hunter thought the board of health should be given power to make what rules and regulations they saw fit.

The amendment was lost, and the committe rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

The House adjourned at 5:55.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

Mr. Hunter is always very fond of quoting from Ontario statutes when a bill is under discussion. Yesterday he got out of the old groove and quoted from the Quebec statutes when discussing the School Bill and again when the Health Bill came up.

Sergeant-at-arms Anderson has been ill for several days.

An Important Industry.

The Victoria Enterprise Manufacturing company has been organized for the purpose of making all articles in the manufacture of which bone dust is largely used. They have purchased five acres in the Tolmie Estate where the factory will be built, and have made arrangements to purchase all the butchers' bones. Chinamen are also out collecting old bones for the company. Among the products of the factory will be ivory black, bone black, animal charcoal, assay for smelters, bone ash, fertilisers, glue, soap, blacking, axle oil, chicken food, inks, etc.

Custom Returns.

The custom returns for the month of February are as follows:

Duties collected	$50,019 54
Other revenue	11,107 23
Total	$61,126 77

IMPORTS.

Free	$ 36,074 00
Dutiable	199,019 00
Total	$235,093 00

EXPORTS.

Produce of Canada (value)	$15,608 00
Not produce of Canada (value)	7,579 00
Total	$23,187 00

When you're languid and dull in the spring of the year,
When stomach and liver are all out of gear,
When you're stupid at morn and feverish at night,
And nothing gives relish and nothing goes right,
Don't try any nostrum, elixir, or pill,—
"Golden Medical Discovery" just fills the bill.

The surest and best of all remedies for all disorders of the liver, stomach and blood, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads color labels, etc., etc., go to to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office. *

Famous Cambridge sausages, Bologna sausages, pork pies, bacon, ham and poultry, at Whitelaw & Co's., 72 Fort street *

Rubber fire, cocoa fibre out door mats in stock at Weiler Bros. *

A WASH DAY AND NO STEAM IN THE HOUSE

AND the Work so Cut Down that a young girl or delicate woman can do a family washing without being tired.

NO HEAVY BOILER TO LIFT

YOU SAY—HOW?

BY USING

Sunlight Soap

ACCORDING TO EASY DIRECTIONS

Put aside your own ideas next wash day and try the easy, clean, "SUNLIGHT" way.

DON'T Let another wash day go by without trying it.

REMEMBER THE NAME

"Sunlight"

TAKE NO OTHER

WORKS: PT. SUNLIGHT NEAR BIRKENHEAD — LEVER BROS., LTD. TORONTO

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:

BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,

VICTORIA, B.C

The arrival of Spring will be greeted with "Showers" of tears. Why? Why! because every person will weep with joy when they find they can purchase at a reasonable price one of

Currie's

World-renowned Waterproof

Coats,

which have stood the test of 50 years and still take the lead in the markets of Great Britain and the Colonies.

All large dealers keep them.

fe16-w&s

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets

VICTORIA B.C

SELLING AT COST

Overcoats, Macintoshes, Melissa Capes, Rubber Coats

100 Boys' Overcoats at Half Price.

B. WILLIAMS & Co.,

97 Johnson Street. Clothiers and Hatters.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH IFIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnag are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MIL.

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Conservatory of Music.

MISS L. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL.

97 Quadra street,

Competent and Experienced Staff of Teachers

SINGING, HARMONY, PIANO, ORGAN VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR.

Applications to be made to the Principal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER

Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.

NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING

At moderate charges, at

Colonist's Printing Office

Telephone 192.

38 FORT STREET.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of

HENRY SAUNDERS

39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.

Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT

that your advertisement is not

IN THE TIMES?

MUNROE MILLER,

Printer and Binder.

77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?

The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

New England Bakery.

116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.

The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is

Now Open Day and Night

AT THE OLD STAND.

THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.

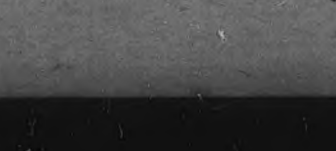
YOUNG BROS.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager



GOING TO

Jewelers or so-called Opticians for Glasses is equivalent to going to a Blacksmith for Jewelry. If your vision is defective consult the

ONLY OPTICIANS

F. W. Nolte & Co.

(Successors to Hyams)

27 FORT STREET

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer,

Government street Victoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TAKE NOTICE that we, William Gordon Stevenson and John Boyd Jones, shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, 1893, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by us at the premises known as the Pritchard House, situate on the north-east corner of Government and Yates Streets, in the City of Victoria, upon portion of Victoria City Lot No. 162, to John Boyd Jones, of Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, for the sale of malt and spirituous liquors by retail at the said premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Dated the 4th day of February, 1893.

WILLIAM GORDON STEVENSON.
JOHN BOYD JONES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to Robert Dudgeon and Harry Brice, of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 31st day of January, 1893.

W. J. HAMBLY,
F. W. GILBERT.

ja31-1m

To the Board of Licensing Commissioners:

I, the undersigned Frederick James Dawley, of the City of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a license to sell wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail, in a certain building used or intended to be used for an hotel, and containing upwards of thirty rooms, and which said building is known as "The Osborne House," and is situate and built on Lot 149 in the City of Victoria, at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard Streets, in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1893.

FREDERIC JAMES DAWLEY.

td

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held on Wednesday, the 8th day of March next for a license to sell wines spirits, and other liquors in the hotel premises situate on Lot 129, Block B, Store street, Victoria, and known as the "Janion Hotel," which hotel contains fifty rooms.

JOHN TURNER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1893.

ja31

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO

ALBANY, OREGON.

THOS. SPENCE,

Notary Public and Land Agent

KELOWNA

Okanagan Mission, B.C.

jy1-tw

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

Paid up Capital, $250,000. Reserve, $80,000.

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

ja19-1m

The Stanley House

NOTWITHSTANDING the big sales advertised by some of the merchants, we are doing a good business and will continue to do so, for the simple reason that every one who examines our Stock can see at once that the goods are as cheap (except the lines that are cheaper) as any house in the City.

Our Winter Stock, such as Jackets, Millinery, Furs and Heavy Dress Goods, we are selling regardless of cost at prices below anything before offered.

The celebrated Bretange and Gascogne Kid Gloves, manufactured by Perrin, Fieres & Co., (the acknowledged best Kid Glove manufactured in the world) we are selling at $1.00 and $1.25, every pair of which we guarantee.

To make room for the large stock now being purchased by MR. HAMPSON in Europe, we will offer for the next 30 days some of the Best Goods at the Lowest Prices ever seen in Victoria Do not fail to see our Stock before making your purchases.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Stanley House,

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO THE—

North British Canadian Investment Co.

LIMITED,

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,

oc8 Agent, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR,

Largest Stock of New Goods and at very Low Prices.

Fresh Importations by Every Steamer.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer.

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the late firm will be carried on by Messrs. H. F. Heisterman and G. W. Haynes, under the firm name of Heisterman & Co.

Dated at Victoria this 28th day of February, 1893.

H. F. HEISTERMAN,
GEO. W. HAYNES,
FOSTER MACGURN.

feb28 1m

Rags Wanted

Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at this office. f.28tf

Argyle House.

NEW GOODS

2 Bales Flanelette.

2 Bales Ginghams.

Flanelette, 12 yards for $1.00
Ginghams, 10 yards for $1.00
White Calico, 36 inches wide, 12 yards for $1.00.
Brown Holland, 10 yards for $1.00
White Satin Stripe Muslin, 12 yards for $1.00.
Unbleached Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 5 yards for $1.00.
White Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 25c. a yard.
Lace Curtains, 50c. a pair.
White Quilts, 85c. each.

J. Horner & Co.

The Best

Place in the City to purchase your Boots and Shoes is at the Store of

A. B. Erskine,

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts

Typhoid Fever.

The Medical World quotes Sir Charles Cameron as saying he had come to the conclusion that typhoid fever in Dublin and perhaps elsewhere was miasmatic, or earthborn. In Dublin during the last decade one person in 144 living on clay soils had typhoid fever, and one in every 93 living on gravels. The disengagement of the micro-organisms of the disease took place when the soils became dry, and this occurred more frequently with gravel than with clay. When all the organic debris produced in towns was quickly removed, and when the dangerous subterranean atmosphere was prevented from entering our dwellings or even our streets, when sewage flowed steadily day and night through well constructed main sewers, and when our soils were thoroughly drained and kept free from filth, then we might expect to see a substantial reduction in the mortality caused by typhoid fever, and indeed by other diseases.

Feather Boas for $1
At Russell, McDonald & Co.

DIED.

DOBBS—In this city on Feb. 27th, John E. Dobbs, aged 47 years.

The funeral will take place from his father's residence, Edmonton road, on Thursday, March 2nd, at 1:30 p.m., St. Barnabas church 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CABINET PHOTOS $3 PER DOZ.

CUT IN HALF

Our price for Cabinet Photos was Six Dollars, now it is THREE DOLLARS.

This will hold for ONE MONTH.

Note the address:

SKENE LOWE, Photographer,
63 Government Street,
fe25-1m (Successor to Hall & Lowe.)

WANTED—One to three thousand dollars. Excellent investment. P. O. Box 735. mar1-2t

LOST—On Feb. 26th, on Esquimalt Road, a rough haired terrier pup. Anyone detaining same will be prosecuted. Reward given if returned to 1½ Quebec St. mar1-2t

WANTED—A five room cottage, at once centrally located. Address, A.B. TIMES Office.

TO LET—10 acres of land, with new dwelling house and chicken houses, etc. Few Miles from city. Cheap. Apply 82½ Government Street. mar1-2t

AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN wants situation as housekeeper. Thoroughly competent. Address D. D., TIMES Office. mar1-2t

For Sale.

The season is coming. A first-class Pneumatic Tyre Safety Bicycle. Weight 33 lbs. Will be sold to first offer. $52 only. 59½ Government St. mar1-2t

SHAKE The cry of dull business and apply the remedy of cheerfulness. Business is picking up splendidly throughout the Province. Don't scare it away by grumbling. Get your Spring Circulars from the

VICTORIA PRINTING COMPANY. Telephone 450. 47½ Government St.

C. P. N. CO. (LD.) STR.

DANUBE

MEYER, MASTER,

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s Wharf

—FOR—

Port Simpson and Way Ports

ON

WEDNESDAY, March 1,

At 6 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.

The Company reserves the right to change the above time table at any time without notice.

fe16-td JOHN IRVING, Manager.

C. P. N. CO., LD., STEAMER

MAUDE

ROBERTS, MASTER,

Will leave Hudson's Bay Company's Wharf

—FOR—

Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, March 1

At 6 o'clock p.m.

For freight and passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street.

The company reserves the right to change the above time table at any time, without notice.

fe27 JNO. IRVING, Manager.

GOING TO ELOPE.

But the Bride's Pet Newfoundland Interfered.

An attempted elopement at Apple Orchard, a small town near New London, came to an unexpected, but none the less happy end. Everything was in readiness for the elopement of the couple and the marriage—in which the affair ended—would have been less conventional had it not been for the distrust which a large Newfoundland dog had of the proceedings.

Miss Nottie Colton, a pretty woman of about 20, is the recognized belle of the place. She is the pianist of the Apple Orchard church. Her father, a well-to-do farmer, was very much opposed to the match which she and John Styles, a young farmer of the place, were arranging between themselves on the basis of mutual affection. Father Colton put his foot down and forbade Styles' attention to his daughter, and ordered the young woman to have nothing more to do with her lover. The young people met clandestinely, however, and arranged to outwit Mr. Colton.

Last Sunday night Miss Colton went to church with her parents, and presided as usual at the organ. As the last hymn preceding the sermon was sung the organist slipped quietly from the church and entered the sleigh, with which her lover was waiting for her outside. The young couple would have got away unobserved by man, but they had not counted on the interference of Bruno, Miss Colton's big pet Newfoundland.

He was waiting in front of the church and regarded the proceeding with evident distrust. As the sleigh started the dog leaped to the horses' head, and seizing the reins in his teeth, hung on with all its weight. This brought the horses to a standstill.

Styles ordered and Miss Colton entreated the dog to leave, but Bruno clung fast, until Mr. Colton, whose suspicions were aroused by Bruno's barking, left the church and ditcovered the trouble. A stormy scene ensued. Miss Colton refused to obey her father's order to leave the sleigh. The larger part of the congregation surrounded the party, and their sympathies were with the young people.

After some words Mr. Colton gave way and the party adjourned to the church. When the services were over the pastor married the couple.

Farm Animals in the States.

The report of the statistician of the United States Agricultural Department upon comparative numbers and values of farm animals, based on returns of January, 1893, "shows an increase of horses, mules and sheep, no material change in the number of milch cows, a decrease in oxen and other cattle, and a very heavy reduction in the number of swine. The estimated present numbers of domestic animals on farms, ranches and the public range are as follows:—Horses: 16,206,802; mules, 2,331,128; cows, 16,424,087; other cattle, 35,954,196; sheep, 47,253,553; swine, 46,094,807. The increase in mules is very slight. The apparent increase in the number of sheep exceeds two millions, a continuation of the movement which commenced in 1889, by which numbers have increased nearly five millions in four years. In the case of swine there was a small pig crop last spring, and the late advance in pork products has caused the slaughtering of some portion of the stock of mature animals. As the average age now attained by these animals is less than a year, there is a liability to extreme fluctuation in numbers, which is possible to no other species. Average values have declined as to horses and mules, advanced as to cattle of all kinds, a greater gain appears in the value of sheep and a very large advance is seen in swine, amounting to 39 per cent., and progressive since the returns were made. The average value of horses is $61.22; of mules, $70.68; of cows, $21.75; of other cattle, $15.24; of sheep, $2.66; of swine, $6.41. The increase in aggregate values, as estimated, of all farm animals is $21,750,998, from $2461,755,678 to $2,483,506,676. The valuation of horses aggregate $992,225,185; of cattle of all kinds, $905,181,984; of swine, $295,426,492; of sheep, $125,909,264; of mules, $164,763,751."

Anecdote of Rufus Hatch.

Ashley W. Cole, a New York journalist, who assisted Rufus Hatch in entertaining the large party of English noblemen and capitalists he brought over to this country at the time the Northern Pacific road was opened, tells many interesting stories of Mr. Hatch. According to Mr. Cole, Mr. Hatch was a man who would fight to the bitter end when he believed he had been imposed upon. His famous "cow case," as he called it, well illustrates this point in his character. About 1879 he received a bill from Brewster, the carriage builder, for "touching up all around." This referred to the varnishing of his brougham. A week or two later he received another. Then bills for various repairs to his carriages followed in rapid succession. Mr. Hatch found that his coachman was receiving a percentage. Mr. Hatch then refused to pay on the ground of fraud. The result was a suit for $2,000. The case was fully reported in all the newspapers, and so anxious was Mr. Hatch that it should be known all over the country that he had daily reports of the trial telegraphed to the western papers at his expense and paid for the publication at regular advertising rates. The costs amounted to $20,000. The case finally reached the United States supreme court. "How it was decided is not clear," said Mr. Cole yesterday, "but I know that Mr. Hatch never paid the costs."

Ingenious Irrigating Wheel.

A new wheel for pumping water for irrigation purposes is thus described: It is a double under-shot wheel, 33 feet in diameter, 12 feet wide, with 22 buckets on each wheel. These buckets will throw the water into a 2 x 1½ foot ditch, and thence carried on to his land, one mile below the wheels. It is quite an ingenious irrigating plan, and its originator thinks it will answer his purpose to a charm. It is being put into the Salmon river in Idaho.—Spokane Review.

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